FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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THE OBSERVER

THURSDAY.....MAY 26, 1892.

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional and Seventh Judicial Districts.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

We venture the assertion that no place in North Carolina presents a finer opportunity for the establishment of a high-grade military school than Fayetteville. Our transportation facilities are surpassed by no town in the State, our social and moral advantages the equal of the best, with a record for health and longevity, pure water and natural drainage that challenges comparison with any of the more pretentious places.

The Wilmington *Messenger* says that the claims against the First National Bank of Wilmington, which suspended on the 24th of November last, will aggregate $550,000 and this will probably be swelled to $600,000 by including the cost of winding up the affairs of the bank, which will probably be $50,000. Against this Receiver W. S. O'B. Robinson has collected and forwarded $80,000 to the Comptroller of the Currency which is sufficient to pay the 15 per cent. dividend declared recently in behalf of the depositors.

The Countess of Aberdeen, at a recent meeting of the Women's Liberal Federation in London, spoke at length concerning the relations between England and the United States and the strain to which they had been subjected on account of English misrule in Ireland. The peroration of her address was as follows: "Mr. Gladstone has done much to mitigate the hatred of Irish-Americans for England, but the completion of his work is necessary to remove this great cause of friction between the United States and England. We Liberals dream—it is only a dream, to be sure, yet still not unworthy of the dreaming—of the time when the consequences of Great Britain's folly of 1776 will be obliterated by her from history, when Great Britain and America will stand shoulder to shoulder as God's chosen servants in the cause of humanity."

Mr. Raynor, of Maryland, a leading member of the House Foreign Committee, is preparing a resolution of inquiry into the conduct of Minister Egan, Consul McCreery and the naval officers of the Government at Chili. He will consult with the other members of the Foreign Committee in reference to its form and the procedure which should be followed in the case. It will be determined whether the Foreign Affairs Committee shall be instructed to investigate the matter, or whether the State Department be requested to do so and report the result to the House. The inclination is to let the Foreign Committee conduct the inquiry. The unusual nature of the offense charged accounts for the fact that as yet no action has been proposed in the House. A thorough investigation of these charges, says Representative Breckenridge, of Kentucky, is an absolute necessity. Egan and McCreery don't represent the Republican party of the United States in Chili, but the whole people of the United States in their sovereign capacity.

Mr. Blaine's friends, says a Washington dispatch, are talking with a confidence that must cause the President's lieutenants some uneasiness. Those who are near enough to the Plumed Knight to be able to speak with authority, either as to his intentions or the plans of the Blaine boomers, unite in declaring that he is by no means out of the race. "I believe Mr. Blaine will be nominated," said Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, "and if he is nominated I do not doubt he will accept. He is not a candidate and he will not write any more letters. He will neither again indicate his intention to withdraw nor will he put himself in the hands of his friends. I do not think he will utter a syllable on the subject until the nomination is formally offered him, if that should be the outcome of the deliberations of the convention. As to the plans of Mr. Blaine's friends, I can only say that so far as I am acquainted with them, they are only nebulous. I do not know whether Mr. Blaine's name will be formally presented to the convention or not. There is no special reason why he should be formally put in nomination. If when the balloting begins a chairman of a State delegation rises and casts the vote of his people for Blaine that will be sufficient to start the ball rolling. The nomination would then go through with a hurrah."

The session of the North Carolina Medical Society, held last week in Wilmington, was an unusually interesting one, very important matters having been discussed and disposed of. Among other things, Dr. W. H. H. Cobb, Chairman of the Board of Censors, made the following report and recommendation, which was approved and adopted: "We are reliably informed and know that Dr. M. E. Robinson, of Goldsboro, N. C., a member of this Society, heretofore in good standing, has advertised and is now advertising in the local papers, a nostrum known as Garden's chloride of gold treatment for drunkenness, etc., and guaranteeing a cure; and, whereas, such practice is in direct violation of both the spirit and letter of the code of ethics adopted by this Society for the government of its members, the Board of Censors respectfully advise that the said Dr. M. E. Robinson be suspended from the rights of membership in this Society until such time as he can, after appeal for trial by the Board of Censors, purge himself from the odium of such dishonorable and unprofessional conduct. We also suggest that the same action be taken in the case of Dr. J. B Robertson, of Winston, N. C., who has similarly advertised and guaranteed a cure for the same habits, known as Hertginger's treatment." The following officers, &c., were elected: President, Dr. J. W. McNeill, of Fayetteville, who was elected by acclamation; Vice-Presidents, Drs W. C. Galloway, of Winston; H. H. Harris, of Wake Forest; J. M. Hadley, of LaGrange, and Thos. Hill, of Goldsboro. These gentlemen rank in the order in which their names appear. Secretary, Dr. R. B. Jewett, of Wilmington; Treasurer, Dr. Mark P. Perry, of Macon; Orator, Dr. J. A. Hodges; Essayist, Dr. J. W. Faison; Board of Censors, Drs. W. C. McDuffie, T. E. Anderson, W. H. H. Cobb, Sr.; Obituary Committee, T. F. Wood, J. G. Riddick, H. B. Weaver; Committee on Publication, G. G. Thomas, T. S. Burrank, T. F. Wood; Delegates to American Medical Society, Drs. C. J. O'Hagan, E. H. Hornaday, J. M. Baker, W. T. Cheatham, L. J. Picot, T. D. Haigh, G. W. Long, Hubert Haywood, B. F. Long, J. Howell Way, D. W. Bullock, E. C. Laird, S. Westray Battle, S. S. Satchwell, R. L. Payne, Jr.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Mrs. Margaret Lillington Hardin, wife of Mr. Thos. H. Hardin, formerly of Wilmington, died at Wytheville, Va., last week, from the effects of a paralytic stroke from which she had suffered for some time. Mrs. Hardin was the daughter of the late Major Lillington, of Wilmington, and great granddaughter of Gen. Lillington one of the illustrious heroes of North Carolina in the Revolutionary War. ——Mr. William Todd, a prominent citizen of Mecklenburg, is dead. ——Mrs. Stonewall Jackson and daughter are domiciled at Oakland Heights Sanitorium, Asheville, where they will spend the summer months. ——The Georgia Democratic State Convention sends four Cleveland delegates at large to Chicago. ——The California Democratic State Convention sends four Cleveland delegates at large to Chicago; a majority of the district delegates were instructed for Cleveland, and the whole delegation is expected to support him. ——A cold wave struck Cedar Rapids, Iowa, on the 18th inst. The thermometer dropped about 40 degrees; the wind blowing fiercely, while it was cold enough to snow. ——Cholera is raging at Harrar, Egypt, and is spreading inland. One hundred deaths a day are reported. ——The World's Fair Committee on Ceremonies has decided that it would not be advisable to ask Congress to change the date of the dedication ceremonies of the Columbian Exposition from October 12th to October 21st. ——The Court of Claims decides the claim of Mrs. Fitzhugh, of Virginia, for pay for timber taken by Federal troops, against the claimant. ——The people of Toledo, Ohio, are stirred up over the question of Sunday base ball. ——The House Appropriations Committee reports adversely the resolution to appropriate $30,000 for the relief of sufferers from the floods in the Mississippi river. The committee doubt the power of Congress to make such appropriation. ——Sherman is looming as the dark horse against Harrison. ——Utah sends a Cleveland delegation to Chicago. ——St. Petersburg is greatly alarmed. Mines have been discovered under the Gatchina palace extending for several kilometres around the palace. ——London has now a prisoner who surpasses "Jack the-Ripper." Three girls have already died from poison administered by him. He is called George Clifford. ——The Tories have gained an important victory, and just on the eve of a dissolution of Parliament and a new election. ——E. H. Olney, a young man arrested at Augusta, Ga., has three wives. He has recently been converted religiously, and this makes him confess. ——Sam Jones had a big meeting at Roanoke, Va. ——The Methodists in the North will appoint no new Bishops now, but will remove the limitation of the pastorate. ——Professor Leyden, the eminent Berlin physician, is telling of the brutality of some doctors in treating patients—for instance, applying red-hot irons in hysteria. ——At 2:30 Thursday morning last thirty men entered the town of Manchester, Tenn., and, going to the jail, demanded Charles Everett, the Tullahoma negro who had attempted a criminal assault. The sheriff had spirited him away to a barn in the suburbs. After thirty minutes' search he was found, carried to the railroad bridge, just above the town, and hanged. When thrown over, the rope broke, and his body was riddled with bullets. He was again strung up, and as the dispatch was sent he was hanging at the bridge. ——The Virginia State Democratic Coquention, held last week, was about equally divided between Cleveland and Hill in its preference for the Pesidential nominee. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, one of the delegates at large elect, made a conciliatory speech, urging harmony and opposing any instructions, but he took occasion to announce that he was a Cleveland supporter out and out. —— Disastrous floods in the West caused great destruction of property at Sioux City, Keokuk and other towns. The loss of life is also great, being estimated at from 60 to 100 lives. —— In the South Carolina Democratic State Convention, which met last week, a caucus was held of Alliance delegates and delegates sympathizing with the farmers' movement, and over three-fourths of the delegates were present. The caucus decided to vote for Governor B. R. Tillman, Senator J. L. M. Irby, J. Wm. Stokes, President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and C. W. Jasper Talbert, ex-State Alliance Lecturer, as delegates at large to the National Democratic Convention, and adopted resolutions of deep hostility to Cleveland, condemning him as the representative of Wall street and not of Democracy. ——At the Democratic Congressional Convention of the Fifth district, A. H. A. Williams was nominated by acclamation to succeed himself. ——At Clarkville, Habersham county, Georgia, a mob of two hundred men broke into the jail and took therefrom three negroes, charged with the murder of night policeman Carter at Toccoa last week, and hanged them all on one limb of a large oak tree. ——John A. Anderson, United States Consul-General at Cairo, died in Liverpool last week. He represented the First Kansas District in Congress for twelve years. ——An enormous meeting of workmen was held at the Rathhaus, Vienna, last week, to protest against the currency reforms. One hundred and sixty-seven members of Parliament and all the municipal authorities were on the platform. The introduction of the gold standard was strongly denounced. —— The Durham miners, after taking a vote, have resolved to continue the strike. ——A Boston syndicate proposes to purchase the City of Mexico's tramway system, and operate it as an electric railway. ——Two Anarchists were yesterday sentenced at Lege to four years imprisonment each for attempting to wreck a train at Tilff. ——The Belgian Senate has adopted the proposed revision of the Constitution, as passed by the Chamber of Deputies, after adding several provisions designed to secure the representation of minorities. ——King Humbert yesterday gave an audience to Mr. Porter, the American Minister, and expressed great satisfaction at the re-establishment of full diplomatic relations between Italy and the United States. ——The son of Mr. T. Jefferson Coolidge, the new U. S. Minister to France, will shortly sail for the United States. He has completed arrangements for his father to take the house formerly occupied by Mr. Whitelaw Reid. —— Sixteen Astrakhan sheep sent by Mr. Beale, the American Minister to Persia, arrived in London *en route* to the United States Agricultural Department, by the National line steamer *Helvetia*, which sails May 21st for New York.

A BREAK IN THE COMBINE.

Savannah Naval Stores Dealers Have a Falling Out About Spirits Turpentine.

Wilmington Star.]

The weakness in the turpentine market during the past few weeks has been the subject of much comment among operators. The inwardness of the matter was unknown to many and has only fully developed in the last few days. The result has caused some hard feelings among several factors in Savannah owing, the *News* says it is claimed, to bad faith on the part of one of their number.

It appears that the four firms which control the turpentine market, not only of Savannah, but of the whole world, entered into an agreement to sell contracts early in April for May, June, July and August delivery of 40,000 barrels spirits turpentine, or 10,000 barrels each month, on the basis of 31½ cents, 32 cents and 32½ cents, it being their intention, of course, to hold the spot market price up to 31½ cents, which was the basis of the contract price.

The scheme looked well and the members of the combine were congratulating themselves on controlling the price for the world's supply of turpentine. It didn't work, however, and apparently everything went against them.

During the latter part of April buyers let them severely alone and held off, which caused the stock to increase. Then the four firms decided that some stock might be "spilled" at 31½ cents to ease the burden of one of their number, but this afforded little relief and the result was that they carried over from April some 3,000 barrels.

The climax was reached last week when the terrific receipts, which had gone beyond 9,000 barrels stared them in the face, enough almost in one week to cover their May delivery. The buyers were perfectly willing to let the combine carry the stock as the latter had already decided that 31½ cents was too low, being below the contract basis. Drafts, however, were looming up with alarming frequency from the country, and there was apparently no other prospect for them but to realize or bank the stuff and pay the interest.

The accumulation became too burdensome for one of the combine, and the prospect not being flattering for the success of the scheme, he wisely decided to sell and did so, disposing of 1,100 barrels until 29 cents was reached. The knowledge of this fact caused a lively row. Recriminations followed and some pretty emphatic language was indulged in.

The factor who sold claims his action was not a breach of agreement, as there was nothing to bind but only an implied understanding, while the others declared it to be a treacherous breach of faith.

Deadly "Blue-gum Negro" Bite.

New York Herald.]

There has always been a superstition throughout the South that the bite of a "blue-gum negro" was as poisonous as that of a rattlesnake. While this has been the superstition there have been doubts about the existence of a "blue-gum negro." Many people know of other people who have seen the so-called poisonous negro, but few have ever been found who have actually seen such a person.

The fact that such an individual really exists, and that his bite is poisonous, has been fully established among the people along Saline River, south of Warren, Ark. For several years there has lived a family of negroes in a cabin on the bank of the river, who have eked out the usual poor negro existence by fishing and hunting, the same as hundreds of other families have been doing for years in the same neighborhood.

The family had never been noted for any peculiarity, but recently there has grown up a young man who developed certain vicious tendencies which were foreign to those of his family. He has been in constant trouble with his neighbors and with the authorities on account of certain thieving and fighting tendencies. He got to be looked on as a "bad nigger," and was a sort of desperado who was shunned by all right-minded people of his race.

Recently he got into a fight with another "bad nigger," who lived in another neighborhood, and whom he met at a dance near there. In the fight he bit his opponent through the hand, with the result that the bitten man became deathly sick in a few minutes, and in about three hours died from the poison in the wound. Afterward, when the negro was arrested, he bit two of the constables, and both died within four hours of receiving the wound.

The strange incident caused an examination to be made, and it was discovered that the negro was a veritable "blue gum negro," and the fact that the three deaths followed so surely and suddenly after the bite convinced the people that the man was not safe to be left alive, and the result was that the night following the deaths he was taken from the jail and hanged to a tree.

Father of the Greenback.

Household Companion.]

The man to whom Abraham Lincoln ascribed the origin of the greenback died in Chicago recently. He was Col. Edmund Dick Taylor, who was born in Virginia, October 18, 1805. He was a cousin of President Zachary Taylor, and his father was a captain in the revolutionary war. Early in life he removed to Springfield, Ill., where he opened a general store and trading post. He became acquainted with Abraham Lincoln, urged him to study law and helped him with money to buy law books. For several years young Lincoln made his home with Mr. Taylor and his family. When Mr. Lincoln became president, at a time when American credit was low and soldiers were demanding their pay, he sent for Mr. Taylor as the man who, to use Mr. Lincoln's own words, "will know what is best to do." When the question was put to him, Mr. Taylor replied: "issue treasury notes on the best bank paper bearing no interest. Declare it a legal tender and pay the soldiers and all other creditors with this money." Mr. Chase thought the experiment hazardous, but finally agreed to it. These facts were made known in a letter from President Lincoln to Mr. Taylor, which he naturally cherished all his life. Col. Taylor was in the war. He was a warm friend of Grant as well as Lincoln, and often carried messages from one to the other.

Instructed for Carlisle.

Madison, Ind., May 20.—The Democrats of Trimble county, Ky., have instructed for John G. Carlisle for President.

By placing two iron bars at seven or eight yards' distance from each other, says the New York *Sun*, and putting them in communication on one side by an insulated copper wire, and on the other side with a telephone, it is said that a storm can be predicted twelve hours ahead through a certain dead sound heard in the receiver.

Cotton Mills North and South.

Atlanta Constitution.]

The bill pending in the Massachusetts legislature to reduce the working hours of women and children in the factories to fifty-four hours per week has brought out some interesting testimony.

The cotton manufacturers of the State oppose the bill, and declare that they are straining every nerve to compete with the Southern mills. To reduce the hours of labor would make competition with the South impossible. One of the manufacturers testified before the legislative committee that the nature of the work and the necessities of the times demand the very cheapest class of labor.

J. Howard Nichols, of the Dwight Manufacturing Company, at Chicopee, said that competition, partly from Southern mills, "is so intense that a small fraction of a cent on a yard is the difference between success and failure" in a Massachusetts mill, and he adds: "For myself I confess that the outlook is not cheering, and I would not invest nor advise a friend to put one dollar into any cotton factory in Massachusetts. * * * Our men of greatest wealth are not putting their money into mills in Massachusetts. They can find more profitable employment elsewhere for their capital, and they see the danger which threatens them here."

Mr. N. R. Borden, of Fall River, testified: The Southern States have to-day almost, if not quite as many spindles as the cities of Lowell and Lawrence combined, and the building of factories in those States is increasing all the time. And when it is considered that the hours of labor in the Southern mills are from sixty-six hours weekly in Georgia to sixty-nine and seventy-two hours weekly in other localities in the South; that labor is very much cheaper there than in Massachusetts; that the facilities for transportation of finished goods are very much more advantageous there than here; that there is comparatively no cost for the transportation of raw cotton to the mills, and that even now the finished product of these Southern mills is being offered over the counters of New York, Boston and other leading markets, in direct competition with goods made in Massachusetts, to say nothing of exportation, it will be seen that the situation is becoming somewhat serious, to say the least.

Elliott C. Clark, of the Booth Mills, at Lowell, said:

I simply want to give you a few cold facts in regard to southern competition. It seems to me that the whole danger to our Massachusetts industries is from the South; that has been brought to my attention, especially within the last few years, by the fact that southern mills are taking away my work from me. I am losing my contracts a great deal in that way. It is also the same in regard to the trade in China, because the Southern States get ahead of me. I have looked into the subject carefully, comparing goods, prices, etc., with those of South Carolina mills, to learn where and how I was being beaten. There are several good mills down there. The Pacolet is a good mill; so are the Clifton and the Piedmont. I looked at their goods and found they were just as good as mine. They beat me actually in speed. In the cost per pound of thirteen to twenty-two yarn, I found they beat me out of my boots; we are not in it with them. My cotton was costing me 10.2 cents per pound and theirs 9.15 cents. The difference in the price of cotton was pretty near the profit. They are just as good weavers, just as good spinners—so those who have been there tell me. This is the sort of competition we are meeting with.

Other witnesses spoke in the same line, and admitted that their business was in danger of being transferred altogether to the South in order to be in sight of the cotton fields. So great is the competition that the nothern mills are forced to increase speed, reduce wages and introduce new mechanical appliances, and even with these changes dividends are decreasing. The Massachusetts manufacturers unanimously said to the committee, "It will be impossible for us to continue any longer in competition with southern mills, and this industry upon which so much of the prosperity of New England rests will leave it if a law is passed reducing the hours of labor."

With these facts before us the thing to do is to go ahead with our cotton mills, and build new ones. Our new England competitors are already on the run, begging the law to interfere in their behalf. We must press the advantage already gained and control the manufacture as well as the production of our great staple. This is the surest way to build up the industrial interests of the South, and we shall be short-sighted indeed if we do not profit by these admissions of our competitors and turn their loss into our gain.

A Juggler's Trick.

San Francisco Call.]

The wonderful feats of East Indian jugglers have formed the theme of many a letter from travellers in the Orient, but none are more surprising than that for which an old sea-dog, now lying at the water front, vouches. While he was an officer on board the P. and O. steamer two natives came on board at Madras, he says. They were a juggler and his assistant. After they had performed a number of minor feats and gathered quite a crowd them, they called for a sack and a piece of sail cloth.

These having been provided, the chief juggler made a small tent-like structure with the canvass and some stools. He then placed his assistant in the sack and allowed a sailor to tie the knot which bound him a fast prisoner. This done the chief carried the sack into an open space, warning the people to stand back some distance, and then carried on an animated conversation with his assistant, whose replies could be distinctly heard coming from the sack. Suddenly the chief rushed forward, picked up the sack and dumped it overboard, where, to the horror of the passengers and crew, it sank out of sight.

Immediately the captain rushed forward and seized the man, under the full belief that he had murdered his companion, but the juggler only smiled, and pointing to the canvas, asked that it be raised. This was done and the supposed drowned man was discovered squatting on the deck. So realistic had been the throwing overboard, however, that it was some time before the surprised passengers could realize a murder had not been committed.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold; a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10c., 50c. and $1. If your lungs are sore, chest, or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

Answer this Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them? Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

A Morning Visit to the Towers of Silence.

During a recent visit to Bombay I had the opportunity of seeing the Towers of Silence, where the Parsees, the followers of Zoroaster, carry out the disposal of their dead. These towers are situated on a magnificent site on the summit of Malabar Hill, which is the aristocratic suburb of Bombay. The higher up we get the more extensive become the views, until as we near the summit a magificent scene is spread out before us. The steep side of the hill is covered with palm and other tropical trees, amongst which are numerous bungalows, while the sea comes close up to the base of the hill. Looking a little to the left the whole of the city of Bombay with its million inhabitants is in full view, whilst to the right is the smooth blue expanse of the Indian Ocean. From the southerly extremity of the island of Bombay a narrow strip of land runs out into the sea, terminating in Colaba Point with its light-house. Between this point and Malabar Hill is Black Bay, a deep indentation of the sea, fringed with fine buildings, amongst which the University Tower stands prominently in view. On the other side of the mass of buildings the harbour is seen dotted with palm-covered islands, and beyond the harbour is the mainland—the Deccan—the characteristic outlines of the Western Ghauts being plainly in view.

We set off to the Towers of Silence, passing on the way the Gymkhana, where tennis was in full progress. After ten minutes' walking the entrance gates of the Towers were reached. Passing in we walked along the path until we came to a flight of stone steps, where our pass was examined before we were allowed to proceed further. Ascending these steps we came on to an extensive level space, on which there is a temple of simple design and a waiting room for mourners. Here an attendant with the Parsee cap on his head began to converse with us in very good English. Leaving this level space he conducted us along a broad pathway with palms, bamboos, and other tropical trees on either side. So far no signs of any towers were apparent, but on taking a sudden turn the towers came in sight, there being four low white circular buildings of wide diameter, and open to the sky. Three of the towers were of one size, one being used solely for suicides; the fourth tower is a much smaller one, and is a private tower, belonging to a wealthy Parsee family.

Scores and scores of vultures were perching on the edges of the towers and in the neighbouring trees. On our coming within about a hundred yards of the larger towers we are confronted by a notice "Stop Here." Beyond this point none but the attendants officiating at the funeral are allowed to pass. Retracing our steps for some distance, the guide took us to a large model of one of the towers. This showed in an excellent manner the construction of the tower. Looking down into the interior of the tower, it is seen that there is a platform a few yards from the top of the tower, this platform extending the whole way round, but leaving a circular pit in the centre of the tower. The surface of this platform is slightly sloped downwards towards the central pit, and is deeply grooved at regular intervals. The surface is marked out into three concentric divisions, inner, middle, and outer. On the inner division the corpses of children are placed, on the middle those of women, while on the outer division the corpses of men are deposited.

When the corpse arrives at the temple a short service is held, and the attendants in charge of the corpse proceed to the tower, followed by the relatives and friends of the deceased. When the procession has reached to within a short distance of the tower the attendants carry the corpse up the steps leading to a door in the wall. They then enter the tower through the door and close it after them; they place the corpse on the platform, and remove all the garments with which it is clothed. "Naked ye entered the world, and naked ye shall leave it." The attendants then leave the tower, closing the door behind them. The vultures immediately swoop down on their prey, and in a few minutes clear all the flesh from the bones of the corpse, and then retire to the neighbouring trees to digest their meal. The bones remain on the platform exposed to the action of sun and rain, gradually becoming reduced to powder, which is washed by the rain along the grooves into the central pit. From the bottom of this pit four drains start, which run beneath the platform and walls of the tower for some distance, where they terminate outside the tower in small wells, the water first of all passing through a compartment filled with charcoal, which acts as a filter.

The guide explained that this method is carried out amongst the Parsees in order that the primary elements, Earth, Air, Fire and Water, may not be polluted in any way. If possible a high place is chosen as a site for these Towers of Silence. In the case of Parsees living in villages the bodies are usually conveyed some miles out into the country, and there left for wild animals to devour.

The studendous results of the steam engine may all be traced to the boy who sat watching the steam which came from the nose of the tea-kettle.

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We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition: If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

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SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.—A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50c. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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Novitzky & Bro.,
The Fayetteville Clothiers. Gents' Furnishings, Stylish Suits, Hats Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, etc.

Geo. Rosenthal,
Hay Street.
Gent's Furnishings, Stylish Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Shoes, etc., for Men and Boys.

W. A. Crawford,
Merchant Tailor,
Hay St., Hotel LaFayette Building, Next to Postoffice.

The Racket Clothing Co.,
The Greatest Combine of them All.
They give you Novelty, Neatness, Durability, Style and Cheapness.

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, ETC.

W. N. Tillinghast,
Hay Street.
Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, etc. Wall-Paper and Window-Shades.

JEWELRY.

Frank Beasley,
Dealer in
Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Spectacles.
Repairing done in best manner and warranted. Engraving finely executed.

J. J. Whaley,
Hay Street,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Silverware, Pocket-knives, Razors, Scissors, etc.

FURNITURE.

S. Sheetz & Sons,
(Established 1870)
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

W. B. LaFar,
Haigh Building, Opp. A. B. Williams, No. 57 Hay St.
Furniture, Matresses, Clocks, Lamps, Shades and Tin Sets.

INSURANCE.

H. I. McDuffie,
Thornton Block,
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance.

Jno. A. Pemberton,
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance.
Hotel LaFayette Building.

Geo. A. Thomson,
General Insurance Agent—Life, Accident and Fire.

John Underwood,
General - Insurance - Agent,
Gillespie Street.

GROCERIES.

Chas. Haigh,
Dealer in
Groceries, Wagon, Cart and Buggy Material.

R. M. Nimocks,
No. 10 Hay Street.
Grocer and Commission Merchant
Cotton, Naval Stores, Fertilizers, Wagons, etc.
A. E. Rankin. A. H. Slocomb. S. C. Rankin.

A. E. Rankin & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers,
Person Street.

Q. K. Nimocks. R. M. Nimocks.
Q. K. Nimocks & Co.,
No. 7, Gillespie St.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

A. Garrason,
Heavy and Fancy Groceries. Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

Walter Watson's Family Grocery,
W. W. COLE, Manager, Person Street.
Fine Family Groceries and Farm Supplies.
Highest market prices paid for Country Produce, Poultry, etc.

Robert M. Prior,
Person Street.
Fine Family Groceries all the Year Round. Canned Goods, Poultry and Country Produce.

A. S. Huske, Agt.,
Shipper of the
Celebrated Scuppernong Grape, and Dealer in Staple and Fancy Groceries and Fine Confections.

S. G. Ayer,
Person St.,
Groceries and Provisions, Fruits, Vegetables and Confectionary.

A. H. Watson,
No. 56, S. W. Jamb Market Square,
Groceries, Confectionaries, Fruits and Home-made Candies.

B. G. Hollingsworth,
51 Person Street,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer and Provision Dealer.

Jos. P. Cook,
N. E. Jamb Market Square,
Dealer in Heavy and Fancy Groceries, Fruits and Vegetables.
The well-known Tidal Wave Flour a specialty. Free delivery in the city.

S. A. Phillips,
Person Street,
Dealer in General Merchandise.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. B. Williams,
Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

Pemberton's Book & Music House,
Headquarters for School and Office Supplies, Stationery, etc.
Organs and Pianos sold on the Installment Plan.

Fayetteville Printing & Publishing Co.
Letter- and Bill-Heads, Statements, Checks, Drafts, Handbills, Circulars, Invitations, Books, Pamphlets, Newspapers.

B. R. Taylor,
Person Street,
Merchandise Broker and Commission Merchant.

T. S. Lutterloh,
Dealer in
Shoes, Hides, Furs, Wool, etc.

Martin House,
—BY—
Jno. M. Martin, - - - Old Street.
Well located for commercial travelers and the general traveling public. Table supplied with best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

N. Ingram,
Manufacturer of Sausage.
Butcher and Dealer in Fresh Meats of all Kinds, Fish, etc.
At my Restaurant at junction of Dick and Person Streets meals will be served at any and all hours during the day, and until 9 o'clock at night.

HARNESS.

C. P. Overby,
Harness, Bridles, Saddles, Whips, etc.

H. Whaley,
Harness, Saddles, Bridles and Whips, Collars and Robes. A Good Assortment on hand for Sale Cheap for Cash.
Remember the place: Hay Street,

MANUFACTURING.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill,
Railroad Street,
Manufactures Cotton-Seed Meal and Crude Oil.
Pays highest market price for cotton-seed.
Dr. J. W. McNeill, Pres. J. T. Denny, Supt.
C. L. Taylor, Sec. & Treas.

Fayetteville Wooden Ware Co.,
Manufacturers of
The "Iron-Bound" Well Bucket, Oak and White Cedar Ware.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
H. W. Lilly, President,
Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 4-4 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn and Batting.

J. P. Thomson, Pres. A. A. McKethan, Sec. & Treas.
Fayetteville Cotton Mills,
Manufacturers of Cotton Warp and Soft Spun Skein Yarns.

Fayetteville Cedar Works,
A. A. McKethan, Jr., Prop.,
Manufacturer - of - Cedar - Ware.
We make a specialty of two- and three-hoop Brass Cedar Pails, and Keg-shape Oak Well Buckets.

Fayetteville Ice Co.,
Donaldson Street,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in Ice all the year round.

Goodwin & Remsburg,
Fayetteville Granite and Marble Works.
Estimates furnished on application, and correspondence solicited.

Walter Watson,
Dealer in
Hardware, Guns and Pistols. Cart and Buggy Material a Specialty.

McMillan Bros.,
Manufacturers of
The Seamless Turpentine Still, and General Metal Workers.

A. A. McKethan, Jr.
Carriages, Buggies and Harness.
Person Street.

Merchant Mills,
JAS. D. McNEILL, Proprietor.
Grain, Meal, Flour, Mill-Stuffs and Feed.

Carolina Machine Company,
Engines, Boilers, etc. Repairing a Specialty.

LIVERY STABLES.

J. A. Lambeth,
Rear Hotel LaFayette,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
Stalls for rent at 10c. per night. Special accommodations for drummers. Buggies for sale cheap. Cash system.

Ransom Burns,
Livery, Feed and Exchange Stables.
Gillespie Street.

Geo. A. Burns,
In rear Hotel LaFayette,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
Best and most stylish turnouts, on short notice.

J. M. Martin,
Old Street,
Livery and Feed Stables in Connection with Hotel.
Good serviceable turnouts at livery prices.

J. R. M'Neill & Son,
Undertakers and Cabinet Makers, Window Cornices, Picture Frames, Mirror Plates, etc.

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.

W. J. McDonald,
Wholesale Dealer and Jobber in
Tobacco, - Snuffs - and - Cigars,
Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes a specialty. N. E Corner Market Square and 2 and 4 Green Street.

E. L. Clark,
Opp. Short Cut Depot.
Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, etc.
Agent for Bay View Beer and Mountain Whiskies.
Orders Promptly Filled.

Jno. M. Martin,
Person Street,
Wines, Liquors, Brandies and Pure Mountain Corn Whisky.
All grades of Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

J. A. Burns & Co.,
Gillespie St.
Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Beer, Cigars, etc.
Pure old North Carolina Corn Whiskey.

THE OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Z. W. WHITEHEAD, } Editors and Proprietors.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MAY 26, 1892.

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
ELIAS CARR,
of Edgecombe.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
RUFUS A. DOUGHTON,
of Alleghany.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
OCTAVIUS COKE,
of Wake.

FOR AUDITOR:
ROBERT M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.

FOR TREASURER:
DONALD W. BAIN,
of Wake.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
FRANK I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.

FOR JUDGE OF THE TWELFTH DISTRICT:
GEORGE A. SHUFORD,
of Buncombe.

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE:
CHARLES B. AYCOCK,
RORERT B. GLENN.

THE CONVENTION.

The Convention which met at Raleigh last week, at the call of the Democratic Executive Committee, proved to be, in very truth, a Democratic convention. Moreover, it was a harmonious Democratic convention, and a determined one. It was the clatter of the politicians which had mislead. The representatives of the real people gathered at Raleigh, and, true to their constituents, they proceeded at once to meet the difficulties which confronted them. They trod under foot, as with a giant's step, the rubbish which demagogues had prepared for them to stumble over.

From a patriotic standpoint—from the standpoint of a lover of North Carolina, and of a disciple of true Democracy, which is the embodiment of patriotism the result must be viewed with great satisfaction. It is true that many of us preferred—for the sake of party prestige, for the sake of his own unblemished record and his great public and party services—to see the titular head of the party in North Carolina receive, as he eminently deserved, the reward of re-nomination. It is not too much to say that a decided majority of the delegates felt this preference in their hearts. But the dictates of party expediency, in the face of a grave crisis, were yielded to as soon as it became apparent that it was proper to do so. And the rapid, unconcerted concentration of the strength of Governor Holt's adherents upon such an uncompromising democrat as Elias Carr, left not a shadow of cause for believing that the dictates of expediency had sacrificed a modicum of principle. Mr. Polk and the Third Party struck at Governor Holt because he happened at the moment to be the representative of his party. The recoil to themselves is more disastrous than the blow that was aimed. It is safe to say that no man in North Carolina, in or out of the Alliance, could possibly be as obnoxious to those gentlemen as the nominee of the Convention. He is an unwavering Democrat, as his recent patriotic and courageous letters, at a critical moment, demonstrate. At the same time, he is as staunch a member of the Alliance as when he was its honored President. He is the nominee of the Democratic party today, and he will be the Governor of this State next January, because of both these well-known facts: in short, because he has refused to allow his allegiance to the beneficent purposes of a non-political association to cause his desertion of a political party which seeks the attainment of all of them.

The attitude of Governor Holt to the Convention, and of the Convention to Governor Holt, was that of patriots. The one was revealed in the prompt withdrawal of his name, although he had come so near to winning, through Judge Womack: the other in the resolution of Mr. E. B. Jones, which the Convention adopted with such remarkable enthusiasm.

The rest of the ticket presented for the suffrages of the people of North Carolina, is all that it should be. Doughton, Coke, Furman, Bain, Scarborough and Osborne! It could hardly be better.

Evidently the Democratic party has made no mistake in selecting the winning kind of candidates.

THE CELEBRATION AT CHARLOTTE.

The celebration of the 20th of May at Charlotte, this year, is understood to have sureassed, in every respect, its predecessors since 1875. Besides Senators Hill, Gray and Ransom, and other notable visitors including Governor Holt and his successor, Col. Elas Carr, it is estimated that fully 25,000 strangers thronged the "Hornet's Nest."

The *Observer*, of that city, philosophically calls attention to the change that is taking place in the American's mode of celebrating and enjoying his holidays. His public and ceremonial days are no longer given over wholly to oratory and the conventional military pageant. A robuster notion of the need of physical culture pervades the land, and manifests itself in a corresponding enlargement of the programme, which, in this instance, included ball, tournament and gun contests, a sham battle by the military, and other like proceedings requiring strong muscles and steady nerves.

The oration of Senator Hill, however, the guest of the day, overshadowed all other things in importance. The *Observer* commends warmly the manner of its delivery, while the matter of it, which that enterprising paper prints in full, is worthy of the man who won immediate fame as an orator in his address at the unveiling of the Grady statue, in Atlanta, last winter.

THE PLATFORM, AND KINDRED MATTERS.

Elsewhere we print the platform adopted by the Convention of the Democratic party just held at Raleigh. The telegrams first sent out to the daily press stated that the platform of 1890 was the basis of the one now adopted, but they left a rather confusing and unsatisfactory impression as to the nature and extent of the changes made. By comparing the two it will be seen that, with the exception of the resolution in the present platform in favor of a graduated income tax (meaning a Federal income tax). the two are practically identical. The verbiage of the resolution on public schools is changed from "increase the fund for maintenance" to "make the system more effective." The resolutions in the platform of 1890 condemning Speaker Reed and advocating the re-election of Senator Vance, being now obsolete, are omitted. There are no other changes.

It is much more important to know one's actions than his professions—an observation which applies to political parties, as well. But, in advance of the time of action, the professions of faith are all important. For this reason, it is unfortunate that Mr. Butler's conference at Raleigh on the 17th instant failed to promulgate a platform. That conference was essentially a secret gathering for a political purpose. So far as it partook of the nature of a caucus of a faction within the party—if the circumstances surrounding its convening and its sessions can be strained into yielding that much of legitimacy to it—it may be tolerated and forgotten. But if it still be the purpose of any persons in North Carolina to form a Third party in this State, it is important to them, as well as to the people at large, that no time be lost in making an open declaration of principles. Otherwise, they must be held to constitute a secret political party. The people of North Carolina—descendants of the men of Mecklenburg and Liberty Point—will not tolerate a secret political party. The history of the United States shows that such parties have been swept away, as with a breath, by an aroused public sentiment.

In this connection, it is worth noting that Dr. Sanderlin not only failed to receive the Gubernatorial nomination, but that he lost the re-nomination for the position of Auditor, which he had so acceptably filled. This was not because of objection to Dr. Sanderlin, but because he was understood to be the candidate favored by Mr. Butler's conference. Those who knew the temper of the Convention and were in sympathy with its dominant spirit, understood, perfectly, the meaning of this action. It provided, also, a salutary warning.

Since the foregoing was put in type, we learn from the Raleigh papers (the Progressive Farmer has not reached this office since its issue of the 10th instant), that the Third party has actually launched itself through the medium of Col. Polk's newspaper. It does not appear, however, to have promulgated a platform. This would have been the rational thing to do, along with the abuse of the Democratic platform, which was launched with it.

At the same time, we rejoice to learn that Mr. Butler has declared his intention to support the Democratic nominees, State and national.

ROBT. M. FURMAN.

No North Carolina convention ever did a better thing than the act of the late convention in placing on the executive ticket nominated by it the name of Robert M. Furman. He will be an ornament to the position to which he will be elected, as for years he has been to the profession he is about to leave.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The address of Senator Hill at Charlotte was, in the highest degree, admirable. It was a splendid tribute to Mecklenburg and to North Carolina, and rang with the principles of Jeffersonian democracy. That is to say, Jeffersonian democracy as it stands to-day, qualified by the result of the war, and as the best men of our party north of Mason and Dixon's line held it. The words "the mistaking of Mecklenburg county for North Carolina, the mistaking of North Carolina for the United Colonies of North America," smack of the doctrine upon which the latitudinarian constructionists of our earlier days founded their tenets. The contempt, however, with which the Senator treats, alike, Tory Lord Salisbury's and Liberal Sir William Vernon Harcourt's attitude towards the advocates of county rule in England, shows that at heart he would be a believer in the autonomy of such political entities as the Colonies were when they cast off the yoke of Britain, if it were a question before 1861, instead of after 1865.

The address should be read by every North Carolinian, and by every democrat. So far as the OBSERVER'S readers are concerned, they shall have this privilege, as it will be printed in full in its issue of June 2nd.

We rejoice to know that the newspaper accounts of Senator Vance's indiposition were greatly exaggerated, and that he is now practically well again.

District Delegates to Chicago.

The delegates to Chicago, chosen to represent the Congressional districts, are as follows:

First district—Wilson G. Lamb, Gen. W. P. Roberts.

Second district—F. W. Barnes, S. B. Holloway.

Third district—W. S. Cooke, L. J. Moore.

Fourth district—F. H. Busbee, J. H. Pou.

Fifth district—John W. Graham, John L. King.

Sixth district—J. T. Legrand, E. S. Lattimer.

Seventh district—Col. W. H. Williams, M. H. Pinnix.

Eighth district—C. B. Watson, W. W. Scott.

Ninth district—Kope Elias, R. M. Furman.

Col. Frank Fries, of Salem, President of the Roanoke & Southern Railroad Company, passed through Fayetteville Tuesday, Northbound.

THE GREAT CONVENTION.

The Democratic State Convention, which began its sessions at the Capital on Wednesday and adjourned Thursday night, was the largest ever held in North Carolina. There were 1,006 delegates, and probably as many more alternates swelled the number, engaged directly and indirectly in the business of the Convention, to quite 2,000.

At 12 M on Wednesday chairman E. C. Smith rapped the convention to order and Rev. Dr W. S. Black opened the proceedings with prayer. Chairman Smith then said it became his pleasant duty to call together this representative body of democrats; representative because he believed every man present wished to see democratic principles prevail. (Applause.) He said he was so accustomed to the conservatism of North Carolinians that he believed all differences would be dropped and the salvation of the democratic party accomplished. He then presented to the convention Hon. Lee S. Overman of Salisbury as temporary chairman, who said this was a convention of democrats, people of one faith (applause). He quoted Proverbs, "Better a dry morsel than a houseful of strife." He trusted there was no man present who did not love North Carolina and her institutions. He trusted there was no man who was not willing to sacrifice personal preferences and views for the integrity of the grand old democratic party which has done so much for the State. He spoke in glowing terms of the democratic administrations of Vance, Jarvis, Scales, Fowle and Holt, and there was a burst of applause at the mention of the name of Holt. He asked if the people would look to that party which was but an irridescent dream, which mocked all calls for relief, the republican party, or whether it would call upon the party of reform, the democratic party. He said that whether the party marched under the banner of that patriot and statesman, Grover Cleveland (immense applause) or that stirring leader, D. B. Hill, (much applause) let us stand together as solidly as a rock.

Contests were reported in the counties of Cabarrus, Duplin, Onslow, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Warren, six in all. The secretary reported that every county was represented.

The selection of the various committees was made and sent in by the districts; and they were as follows, by districts:

Credentials, R. H. Stancill, O. F. Herring, Josephus Daniels, W. W. Fuller, J. A. Lockhart, M. H. Pinnix, J. W. Todd, J. H. Tucker.

Permanent organization: J. J. Laughinghouse, C. B. Aycock, G. W. Wilcox, J. W. Nick, R. A. Williams, W. E. Ardray, J. G. Hall, S. L. Patterson, J. C. L. Bird.

Platform: Dempsey Spruill, Donnell Gilliam, H. A. McSwain, J. F. Mitchell, R. S. Mitchell, John D. Bellamy, Jr., W. M. Robbins, J. L. Webb, M. E. Carter.

The members of the State Executive Committee, as sent in by the several districts, are:

First District—W. P. Roberts, of Gates; J. J. Laughinghouse, of Pitt; J. W. S. Carter and E. F. Lamb.

Second District—J. W. Grainger, W. A. Dunn, J. B. Martin, B. F. Aycock and W. A Dunn.

Third District—Cyrus W. Thompson, C. R. Thomas, G H. Johnston, H. A. McSwain, of Cumberland.

Fourth District—J. C. Neal, of Nash; J. J. Young, of Johnston; H. A. London, of Chatham; E. C. Beddingfield, of Wake.

Fifth District—Jno. M. Galloway, John L. King, S. M. Gattis, R. W. Hobgood.

Sixth District—George Bellamy, W. I. Neal, H. B. Adams, Sol. C. Weill.

Seventh District—Will X. Coley, W. L. Crump, J. N. Scales, J. E. Reinhardt.

Eighth District—E. B. Jones, W. W. Barber, W. C. Erwin, J. L. Webb.

Ninth District—J. A. Forney, W. W. Stringfield, of Haywood, B. B. Price, J. S. Grant.

The report of the committee of permanent organization was received and adopted as follows: Permanent President, T. J. Jarvis, of Pitt; Vice-Prisidents by districts, W. D. Pruden, Yancey T. Ormond, C. C. Lyon, A. H. Merritt, W. W. Kitchen, R. D. Gilmer; to be secretaries, W. G. Burkhead, R. M. Furman, Z. W. Whitehead and C. F. Wilson.

At 3:30 o'clock temporary chairman Overman introduced Gov. Jarvis, who was greeted with a burst of applause. Gov. Jarvis thanked the convention for this renewed expression of its confidence and esteem. He said it would be bad manners for him to announce himself as a candidate for office, but he came forward to announce himself as a candidate for the office of peace-maker in the Democratic party. (Great applause.) In becoming permanent chairman he said it was his intention to deal fairly by all, and so discharge the duties of the chair that no man or his constituents could say they had not been dealt with fairly. He asked the convention, as the chosen reprentatives of the Democratic party, to do its work in a spirit of conciliative fairness and brotherly love which will have the approval of the party at home. It was his experince that a man who kicks against party action hurts only himself. He assumed in the beginning that all the delegates were gentlemen, would not kick and not take part in the convention without the honest and fixed purpose of abiding by its work. He appealed to the convention as citizens of North Carolina and Democrats to do all things in an orderly and quiet way. (Applause.) He knew that there were in some sections expectations of a row and a disturbance, and he knew that certain people of a party who had been driven out of power were to-day at home praying for discord here. But the thing to do was to foil these Republicans, do the work in an orderly manner and go home quietly. He knew that all Democrats did not think alike, as they once did. He said this with more regret than he could express in words. But he believed the time had come to meet face to face and talk frankly but always in a spirit of friendly regard and conciliation. He recalled the time when the Democratic party was only a handful, and the Republicans were in control; when the State was despoiled, the people insulted, and all save North Carolina's manhood trampled in the dust. He saw the Democrats meet and make the mighty resolve to wrest the State from the hands of the spoiler. Animated by that high desire and purpose, the white men of North Carolina marched solidly to the ballot-box. Since then the people have dwelt in peace and prosperity. Again, he said, the Democrats were assembled. New motives had entered the heads of some. He would speak frankly. If there ever was a time of harmony it was now. He wanted to restore the old time confidence which formerly existed. (Applause.) There was no reason why there should be distrust and quarrels. For while the Democrats were doing these things a common enemy would enter and despoil the country. The conditions of the day require fairness, order and mutual trust. He declared that the first thing to be done was to dislodge from power the Republican party. Would it not be political suicide to stand and swear that we will not do so and so unless there is sub-treasury, etc., and while we quarrel let the State electoral vote be given to Ben Harrison? (Cries of No, No.) There is a scarcity of money in the country, that is it is all banked up in one section. He then discussed the financial status of affairs. He said as a Southern soldier he could say he had no feeling save of regard for the true Union soldiers. The deserving ones should be pensioned, but the abuse of the pension system was a disgrace to the courage of the Union soldiers. He discussed the tariff tax and attacked the tariff laws with withering earnestnesss. In conclusion he appealed to the convention to act together and vote together and thus achieve the desired results.

He called on alliancemen, third party men and St. Louis platform men to lay aside their coats and join in the fight against the republican party, the common enemy. [Great applause.] He had only one desire—the glory of his State and the peace and prosperity of her people. He begged his hearers to save the State from the party which ruined it in 1868. As he closed there was tremendous applause and cheering.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS.

The committee on credentials reported as follows:

That Bertie is entitled to 11 votes instead of 9.

That Edgecombe is entitled to 11 votes instead of 9.

That Northampton is entitled to 12 votes instead of 11.

That Pender is entitled to 7 votes instead of 5.

That Person is entitled to 10 votes instead of 9.

That Richmond is entitled to 12 votes instead of 11.

That Warren is entitled to 8 votes instead of 4.

That Carteret is entitled to 8 votes instead of 7, and that each of the above counties are entitled to delegates as above indicated.

They further reported on the delegation from Cabarrus, to-wit: That contestees, headed by Mr. Hillman, are entitled to seats in the convention. From the county of Duplin the following: The contestants led by J. B. Oliver. The following from the county of Onslow, to-wit: This delegation to be divided between the contestants and contestees, each entitled to one half vote, as both conventions were irregular. The following from the county of Pamlico, to-wit: The contestees led by Mr. B inson be seated. The following from the county of Pamlico, to-wit: The contestees led by Mr. Baxter be seated. And the following from the county of Warren, to-wit: The contestants led by W. A. Montgomery be seated.

A motion that the report be adopted was carried almost unanimously, only one dissenting vote being heard.

Mr. M. W. Robins, chairman of the committee on platform, then reported and read the platform, which will be found in another column.

THE NOMINATIONS.

At 6:45 the nomination for Governor was taken up.

Mr. J. A. Long, of Alamance, placed before the convention the name of Gov. Holt, whom he eulogized as a noble Governor and a typical North Carolinian.

Mr. Merritt. of Person county, said he wished to place in nomination the name of S. B. Alexander, who he said was a man who was the peer of any in the State, and who could unite all the factions.

Mr. H. F. Freeman, of Wilson county, said he wished to name a man the peer of any man in the union, mentally, morally and in all other ways—George W. Sanderlin.

Mr. Courts, of Rockingham, placed in nomination Elias Carr, of Edgecombe, and said that Mr. Carr did not seek the office but that the office sought him.

Mr. H. C. Hodges of Beaufort county seconded the nomination of "Alliance Carr, the hayseed governor of North Carolina," as he termed his favorite, and was cheered again and again.

Mr. John L. Bridgers of Edgecombe also seconded the nomination of Mr. Elias Carr. He said the convention had adopted a platform satisfactory to every allianceman. This was greeted with cheers.

Mr. G. S. Bradshaw of Alamance nominated Julian S. Carr, and said his friends had come here with good will towards all and malice towards none.

Mr. T. H. Tucker of Buncombe seconded Sanderlin's nomination, and Swift Galloway seconded that of Holt. Mr. J. M. Leach seconded the nomination of Holt, and literally brought down the house, there being roars of applause.

Mr. F. L. Merritt of Wake seconded the nomination of Sanderlin.

Mr. C. B. Watson, of Forsyth, seconded that of Gov. Holt, saying he knew there were 100,000 Democrats at home who now believed that Holt ought to be the nominee of this convention. He spoke of him as the "natural candidate," and took occasion to pay all the nominees a compliment.

Col. George Williamson, of Caswell, placed in nomination Thomas J. Jarvis, whose name he said he knew would thrill through the convention. He declared that there was no truer North Carolinian.

Mr. Kope Elias, of Macon, seconded the nomination Julian S. Carr, and was applauded liberally.

Mr. Caleb B. Green, of Durham, seconded Carr's nomination, pledging for him 30,000 majority in November.

Mr. J. Davis, of Haywood, seconded Dr. Sanderlin's nomination.

It was 7:30 o'clock when the announcement was made that the placing of nominees before the convention was ended. The excitement was intense. Chairman Jarvis said that he earnestly desired that no vote be cast for himself for Governor.

By 8:15 the first ballot had been taken. The chairman announced that the vote was as follows, 504 being necessary to a choice:

Holt,	407
Sanderlin,	283
J. S. Carr,	157
Elias Carr,	112
Alexander,	14
Jarvis,	8

Mr. Merritt, of Person, withdrew the name of Alexander in favor of J. S. Carr.

On the second ballot there were no marked changes. Sanderlin got more of the Alliance strength. The result was announced at 9:30 as follows:

Holt,	402
Sanderlin,	306
J. S. Carr,	159
Elias Carr,	123

The third ballot showed little change:

Holt,	385
Sanderlin,	332
J. S. Carr,	157
Elias Carr,	127

The fourth ballot resulted as follows:

Holt,	371
Sanderlin,	318
Elias Carr,	170
J. S. Carr,	137

On the fifth ballot there was greater excitement and more applause than at any one save the first. Elias Carr continued to make gains.

The result of the fifth ballot showed gains for Julian S. Carr also. Before it was announced there were demonstrations in favor of various candidates. The vote was Elias Carr 344, Holt 295, J. S. Carr 227, Sanderlin 136. There were great cheers by Elias Carr's friends, he having doubled his vote.

ELIAS CARR THE NOMINEE.

The sixth ballot began amid much stir. It showed from the start many changes in Elias Carr's favor. Cumberland gave him her 17 votes, Frankling her 15, Halifax 17, Harnett 10, Hyde 6; Mecklenburg gave J. S. Carr 28 votes. New Hanover gave Elias Carr 5 and J. S. Carr 7. It was seen by the time the vote was two-thirds completed that Elias Carr was the choice of the convention. Mr. T. B. Womack, on behalf of Governor Holt's supporters, moved to make the nomination of Elias Carr unanimous. Chairman Jarvis announced that he had received 636 votes, 504 being necessary to a choice. A motion was made to make the nomination unanimous, and it prevailed The convention went wild as Chairman Jarvis announced Elias Carr as the nominee.

There was a chorus of calls for Carr, and unbounded applause when he appeared. Hats were waved and thrown in the air as Gov. Jarvis introduced him as assuredly the next Governor of North Carolina.

MR. CARR'S REMARKS.

Mr. Carr said: "No one knows better than yourselves that this compliment was unasked for. You have seen fit to place the Democratic banner in my hands. I accept the trust, and will do my duty. I do not pose as a farmer. There are only two things I claim to do, one is to superintend a farm; the other is to vote the Democratic ticket."

The convention then (at 12:45 A. M.) adjourned until 10 A. M. Thursday. Immediately after the adjournment Mr. Carr received an ovation.

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Convention met at 10 A. M., and proceeded to the selection of the rest of the State ticket.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Messrs. R. A. Doughton, of Alleghany, Kope Elias, of Macon, Harry Skinner, of Pitt, B. B. Winborne, of Hertford, H. A. Gudger, of Buncombe, and Lee S. Overman, of Rowan, were placed in nomination.

Col. Skinner withdrew his name, saying that the Lieutenant Governor should come from the West.

The result of the first ballot was announced as follows: Doughton, 436; Gudger, 307; Overman, 175; Elias, 29. There was no nomination, 504 votes being necessary to a choice. Mr. W. B: Shaw withdrew his name, saying he was not a candidate. On the second ballot Doughton made large gains, and it was clear before it was half taken that he was the winner. The result was announced as follows: Doughton, 570; Gudger, 327, Overman, 92; Elias, 14.

There was great applause as this announcement was made. Mr. H. A. Gudger took the platform, eulogized Mr. Doughton in glowing terms, and moved that his nomination be made unanimous. Mr. Lee S. Overman seconded the motion to make the nomination unanimous, and paid the highest tribute to Mr. Doughton.

The motion was adopted, and Mr. Doughton made a graceful speech of acceptance, adding that he would make a complete canvas of the State.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

Mr. L. L. Smith nominated for Secretary of State, Octavius Coke. A motion was made by Mr. Leach of Warren that the rules be suspended and that Octavius Coke be nominated by acclamation. The rules were suspended by a unanimous vote and by the same vote Capt. Coke received the nomination. He was called for and received an ovation as he took the platform.

Capt. Coke said the most unusual thing of his life was a speech of acceptance. [Great cheering and laughter.] He had been in a position to prepare such speeches, but they were "born to blush unseen." But this was the proudest moment of his life, in receiving the nomination unanimously at the hands of this grand body. "And," added he humorously, while the convention roared with laughter, "before I forget it I now announce my acceptance of the nomination." He said no such convention had been seen in North Carolina. It had risen to the highest measure of its duty; it had placed a noble ticket before the people. He alluded to the planks in the platform, particularly to the plank requiring that there should be equal rights to all, special privileges to none. His speech was the finest heard during the entire convention.

AUDITOR.

Mr. W. A. Dunn nominated J. D. Boushall of Camden for the office of Auditor. Mr. C. B. Aycock nominated G. W. Sanderlin of Wake. Mr. Crown nominated Mr. Willis R. Williams of Pitt. Mr. Bell nominated James F. Spainhour of Watauga. Mr. H. A. Gudger nominated Robert M. Furman of Buncombe. Mr. F. H. Busbee seconded the nomination of Dr. Sanderlin, and more than a score of other speeches were made seconding nominations. Mr. W. H. Pace withdrew the name of Mr. Boushall and seconded the nomination of Dr. Sanderlin.

The result of the first ballot was: Sanderlin 362, Furman 213, Williams 211, Merritt 128, Spainhour 74, Boushall 14.

The result of the second ballot was, Furman 507, Sanderlin 331, Williams 78, Merritt 49, Spainhour 38. Mr. Furman was declared the nominee.

Dr. Sanderlin appeared in response to calls and moved to make the nomination of Mr. Furman unanimous. This was done amid great cheering.

Mr. Fab. H. Bushee moved that Dr. Sanderlin be nominated for State superintendent of public instruction by acclamation, but chairman Jarvis ruled that the nomination was out of the order prescribed in the constitution.

STATE TREASURER.

Mr. Donald W. Bain, State treasurer, was like Capt. Coke, given the special honor of nomination by acclamation. He was nominated by Mr. Charles McDonald, who moved to make the nomination unanimous.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Mr. John J. Blair, of Winston, placed in nomination the name of S. M. Finger for Superintendent of Public Instruction. Mr. J. W. Pou, of Johnston, placed in nomination J. C. Scarboro. Mr. S. I. Ervin, of Burke, nominated Rev. R. L. Abernethy. The names of Mr. J. S. Hill, of Mitchell, and Rev. John S. Long, of Craven, were also presented to the convention.

Dr. G. W. Sanderlin was nominated by Mr. L. L. Smith, of Gates, but Mr. C. B. Aycock stated that by authority he withdrew Dr. Sanderlin's name.

The first ballot was announced as follows: Finger 499, Scarborough 348, Abernethy 76, Long 40, Hill 27, Sanderlin 10.

The excitement was great during the second ballot. There were a number of changes in Scarborough's favor. The result was, Scarborough 564, Finger 446. There was a call for Mr. Scarborough, who took the stage, and, after Chairman Jarvis had declared him the nominee, said he had always supported Maj. Finger, the superintendent, whose work he eulogized highly. He said he was a Jeffersonian democrat and saw in that only the principles upon which true democracy was based. He was a member of that great order, the alliance' but had taken his stand on the side of the people.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Mr. Jones, of Warren, placed in nomination Mr. W. A. Montgomery, of that county. Mr. J. H. Pou presented to the convention the name of Edward Chambers Smith, of Wake, of whose earnest democracy and work as chairman of the State executive committee he spoke in terms of high praise. Mr. Merritt, of Person, presented the name of A. W. Graham, of Granville. Mr. W. D. Pollock, of Kinston, placed in nomination Mr. Noah J. Rouse, of Lenoir county. Mr. Wilson H. Lucas put before the convention the name of Charles L. Pettigrew, of Washington county. Mr. W. H. Bower, of Caldwell, presented the name of Frank I. Osborne, of Mecklenburg. Mr. F. M. Simmons placed in nomination Mr. Patrick Murphy Pearsall, of Jones county. Mr. Thomas W. Mason placed in nomination Robert B. Peebles, of Northampton, in behalf of the democracy of the second district. Mr. R. A. P. Cooley placed in nomination Mr. Dennis Worthington, of Nash. The first ballot resulted as follows: Osborne, 311; Smith, 219; Peebles, 144; Pearsall, 91; Pettigrew, 85; Rouse, 53; Graham, 49; Worthington, 23; Montgomery 19. The second ballot was as follows: Osborne, 404; Smith, 203; Peebles, 192; Pettigrew, 86; Rouse, 55; Pearsall, 46; Worthington, 9. Mr. J. E. Moore withdrew the name of Pettigrew, and that of Mr. Montgomery was also withdrawn. The result of the third ballot was: Osborne, 508; Peebles, 215; Smith, 195; Pearsall, 48; Rouse, 39. There was great cheering at the announcement of Osborne's victory.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

The election of electors at large was next entered upon. Mr. W. G. Burkhead nominated James Madison Leach, of Haywood; Mr. R. B. Kerner nominated R. B. Glenn, of Forsyth; Mr. Cooper nominated Walter R. Henry, of Vance; Mr. Lee S. Overman nominated T. B. Womack, of Chatham; Mr. Sol. C. Weill nominated C. B. Aycock, of Wayne; Mr. C. C. Daniels nominated Mr. A. Leazar, of Iredell.

The result of the first ballot was the election of C. B. Aycock, who received 630 votes. The other votes received were: Leach 306, Glenn 295, Womack 241, Leazar 222, Henry 154. The name of Mr. Henry was then withdrawn.

The second ballot resulted in no choice. Mr. Leazar stated that he was not a candidate for elector, as he could not serve. He regretted that it was so, and assured the convention of his devotion to the Democratic party. A motion was then made by Mr. J. H. Pou, of Johnston, that the rules be suspended and Mr. R. B. Glenn be nominated by acclamation. This course was taken.

DELEGATES TO CHICAGO.

The closing business was the election of four delegates to the National Convention at Chicago, and a like number of alternates. Mr. Pou nominated E. C. Smith, of Wake; Mr. Turner, of Iredell, nominated John D. Bellamy, Jr., of New Hanover; Mr. W. W. Barber nominated E. B. Jones, of Caldwell; Mr. W. H. Lucas nominated James H. Merrimon, of Buncombe; Mr. Leazar nominated Paul B. Means, of Cabarrus; Mr. O. J. Carroll nominated Thomas W. Strange, of New Hanover; Mr. E. J. Hale nominated Wharton J. Green, of Cumberland; Mr. Justice, of Rutherford, nominated Frank Coxe, of that county; Mr. John N. Wilson nominated D. Schenck, Jr., of Guilford; Mr. Long, of Iredell, nominated J. P. Caldwell, of Charlotte; Hon. T. J. Jarvis was nominated, and this was received with great enthusiasm by the convention, but he said he could not serve, and begged that his name be withdrawn. Mr. F. D. Winston nominated W. R. Capehart, of Bertie; Mr. W. H. Day nominated W. H. Kitchen, of Halifax; Mr. Edwards nominated John R. Webster, of Rockingham; Mr. Martin nominated J. G. Hall, of Caldwell; Mr. J. E. Moore nominated William E. Griffin, of Pasquotank. It was agreed that the four of these receiving the highest vote be delegates, and the next four be alternates. Those chosen are:

Delegates: E. C. Smith, W. J. Green, J. P. Caldwell and J. D. Bellamy, Jr.

Alternates: James H. Merrimon, E. B. Jones, T. W. Strange and P. B. Means.

The action of the convention of the twelfth judicial district in nominating Geo. A. Shuford as judge of the superior court was ratified.

ENDORSING HOLT'S ADMINISTRATION.

Mr. Edmund Jones, of Caldwell, offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That this convention most heartily endorses the administration of Gov. Holt. It has been honest, able and clean, in all the different departments. The public money has been safely kept, the expenditures duly audited and disbursed, and the public school system has been brought to a state of excellence never before attained in North Carolina.

Mr. E. C. Smith moved to so change the plan of organization and prevent unwieldly conventions, as to allow one delegate for every 300 voters or a fraction over 150, instead of one for each 150 or a fraction over 75. On motion, this was referred to the executive committee.

At 7:45 Mr. C. B. Aycock moved that the convention adjourn to meet at the polls next November. The motion prevailed amid cheers.

Chairman Jarvis returned his thanks to the convention for the earnest, patriotic manner in which it had aided him. He said he desired to thank and congratulate the united democracy of North Carolina on this convention, its work, the ticket it had put in the field and the outlook for a grand democratic victory next November.

Duplin Notes.

KENANSVILLE, N. C.,
May 19, 1892.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—We note with pleasure the fact that Mr. Earnest Farrior, of Charlotte, a young man of considerable promise, and the successful competitor in the examination held about one year ago for the appointment to West Point, has passed the entrance examination (which was held in Atlanta) and will leave for that institution some time in June. Before leaving he will spend a few weeks with his grandparents here, Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Farrior.

Miss Sallie Millard leaves Monday for Wilmington, where she will spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Gilbert.

By invitation of Miss Annie Middleton quite a number of our young people attended the "fish fry" at Hallsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Yates Moore, of Goldsboro, paid a visit this week to relatives here.

Miss Rosa Ricaud spent yesterday and to-day in Wilmington.

Mrs. Scott Loftin spent a day or two last week with the family of Dr. Blount.

Rev. Mr. Towles, Synodical Colporteur and a very affable gentleman, spent part of the week here and in the vicinity. His prices are the same as those of the publishers.

Mr. Joseph Archer is at home for a few weeks of well-earned rest.

Mrs. J. W. Worley, of Lenoir county, paid a visit recently to her daughter, Miss Lola, who is in school here.

A Wise Young Woman.

Young Adolphus Fitzwilliam, he loved a fair maid,
But to ask her to marry him he was afraid,
Because of catarrh, which she had very bad;
So much so that often the youth who was quite glad
To omit, at the parting, the kiss of the lover,
The reason of this she set out to discover.
"Catarrh makes me loathsome. It's fatal to love.
O, darling Adolphus, by all that's above,
I vow I'll not lose thee if something there is
To drive out catarrh and to sweeten a kiss."

So this wise young woman began searching for a cure, and good luck attended her. She found Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, at the drug store, and felt convinced that a preparation which the proprietors had such confidence in that they were willing to offer to pay $500 for a case they cannot cure, must be worth trying. She bought it. She tried it. It cured her. And when Adolphus kissed her at the altar last week, her kiss was as sweet and pure as roses in June.

Girls, a word of advice: If you want a lover to stay a lover, you must get rid of catarrh. Do as this sensible girl did, and get the only sure remedy for this disgusting and dangerous disease—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

W. A. CRAWFORD,

—THE—

Artistic Tailor,

IS THE ONE YOU ARE LOOKING FOR IF YOU WANT A

STYLISH FIT

—AND—

PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

Suits from $18.00 to $25.00.
Pantaloons from $6 to $12.

All I ask is for you to come and be convinced of the fact before buying elsewhere.

MY SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

is now ready for inspection, and in addition to that I will get in every month new goods, and that will enable me to keep always abreast with the latest novelties in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WOOLENS.

As to workmanship and style of my garments I promise that mine cannot be surpassed. I design all of my patterns from actual measurement from the system of the new age.

March 17, 1892. tf

H. H. H.

We have a set of

Electric Call Bells

up for exhibition in our store

We will be pleased to have the public examine them—the ladies especially. They are very useful and cheap.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

H. H. H.

We have just received a car-load of

Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Prices will be lower than ever before.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

H. H. H.

Hacks, Pullers, Dippers.

We have a line of TURPENTINE TOOLS in stock, which are absolutely guaranteed. Get one—if not good we will replace it.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

April 7, 1892.

BOARDERS.

I would respectfully announce that I am now prepared to accommodate a reasonable number of table and Regular Boarders at my home on Rowan Street, only a few minutes walk from the business part of the city. Terms reasonable Location desirable.

MRS. FANNIE SCHLOSSBERG,
Fayetteville, N. C.

May 12, 1892. 1m

Executors' Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as Executors of the will of W. J. Kelly, hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the estate to present the same before May 10th, 189 . All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

J. H. SMITH,
ANNA M. BAKER,
Executors of Will of W. J. Kelly.

May 12, 1892—6t

R. L. TRULOVE,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

—DEALER IN—

all kinds of Liquors, Beer, Wines, Cigars and Tobacco. "Harry Bassett" Pure Old Rye Whiskey, Pure N. C. Corn Whiskey, Apple and Peach Brandy a specialty.

☞ Orders by Mail or Express promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

April 21, 1892—3m

M. JUDGE, Agt.,

Artistic Merchant Tail

Overbaugh House, Green Street,

FAYETTEVILLE, N.

I have now on hand a very fine selectio

FOREIGN SPRING AND SUMMER WOOLE

from which to select suitings and panta
I also have a fine line of samples, consi
of Novelties and Staples for the spring
summer season.

My work in style, fit and finish I guara
to be qual to the best, and as for pri
cannot be beat. Sure fit guaranteed or mo
refunded.

Particular attention given to Cutting, C
ing, Dyeing and Repairing gentlemen's c
ing at reasonable prices.

Prices of Pantaloons range from $6.00
wards; Suits from $20.00 upwards.

Gentlemen's own material made up in
latest style and at reasonable prices.

Feb'y 25, 1892—tf

The Fayetteville Printin

—AND—

Publishing Company

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

—solicit *cash* orders for printing—

LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
STATEMENTS,
CHEC
DRAFTS,
HANDBILLS,
CIRCULA
WEDDING INVITATIONS,
BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
NEWSPAPE
&c., &c., &c.

April 28, 1892. tf

Fresh Vegetables
Berries, &c.

CANNED MEATS AND FRUITS
DRIED FRUITS
AND
CEREALS.
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
FLOUR AND MEAL.
SUGAR AND COFFEE.

A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.,
HAY STREE

May 12, 1892. tf

Sunnyside (Floral) Nurser

JAMES M. LAMB, Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 18

We are now at our new home. We have bed plants—Coleus, Verbenas, Geraniums, Alternan tia, Centaurea, &c., a one dollar per dozen or per 100 in bulk. We have Tuberoses, Caladi Cannas, Dahlias, Gladioules, &c., and a full li choice Greenhouse Plants.

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

May 12, 1892—tf

JUST IN!

- A - FINE - LOT -

—OF—

SCOTCH HOLLAND AND OIL OPAQU

Window Curtains.

☞ These goods were bought at greatly reduced prices, and we propose to them accordingly low. The stock is very select, but will not last long at the pr we have fixed. Call early and get first selection.

S. SHEETZ & SONS,

FURNITURE DEALERS.

April 28th, 1892.

Get Prices on

Pianos and Organs

—FROM—

The North State Music Co.,

CECIL G. STONE, Manager,

RALEIGH, N. C.

SPECIALTIES ARE THE TWO CELEBRATED HIGH GRADE

KRAANCH & BACH and KIMBALL PIANOS

AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED

Kimball Organ.

March 17th, 1892. ly.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

THURSDAY.....MAY 26, 1892.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Successful Meeting.

Evangelist Fife has returned from Newberne, where has been conducting a ten day's meeting, and reports a big success as the reward for his efforts.

Jailed for Theft.

James Caggaln colored, was jailed here Tuesday and bound over to the Superior Court, for stealing a lot of corn and meal from a Mr. Hare in Cedar Creek Township.

Oak Ridge Commencement.

The Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway will sell excursion rate tickets to Summerfield, beginning May 29th, good returning till June 4th, on account of the Oak Ridge Institute Commencement.

The Record Broken.

Court adjourned here last Friday afternoon, and Judge Boykin left on the noon train Saturday for Lumberton. Somewhere in the neighborhood of 60 cases were disposed of during the two weeks.

Closing Exercises State Colored Normal School.

Prof. G. H. Williams, principal, will accept our thanks for an invitation to attend the closing exercises of the State Colored Normal School of Fayetteville this afternoon at 4 o'clock, May 26th. He requests us to extend a cordial invitation to the public generally to be present.

Examination for Cadetship.

Hon. B. F. Grady, member of Congress from this district, writing from Wallace, under date of the 23rd inst., requests us to announce that the examination for the next West Point Cadetship will be held in Goldsboro on June 17th, 1892. Let applicants throughout the district be governed accordingly.

Cotton Acreage in the South Atlantic States.

Mr. Geo. Weightman, of this place, who has been filling a position with a large cotton firm in Pine Bluff, Ark., since September last, returned home the past week and reports very little if any decrease in cotton acreage in the more extreme South-Atlantic States through which he passed on his return to the Old North State.

Commencements.

Our thanks are due and hereby tendered for handsome cards of invitation to the Commencement exercises of Wilson Collegiate Institute June 1st and 2nd.

Also Oak Ridge Institute May 29th, 30th and 31st.

Salem Female Academy, May 22nd to 26th inclusive.

Horner Military School, June 2nd.

Depredations in Cross Creek Cemetery.

Complaint has been lodged at this office that depredations of a most disgraceful character are constantly being made in Cross Creek Cemetery by parties robbing the graves and squares of flowers and other emblems of reverence and respect for the dead. We will state here that the law on this subject is very rigid against plucking flowers in the cemetery, and violaters thereof should be punished to the extreme.

An Aged and Honored Citizen Passes Away.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. D. B. McIver at his home near Sanford, Moore county, on the 19th inst., at the ripe age of 74 years. Mr. McIver was a life-long friend to the OBSERVER, had been a deacon in the Presbyterian Church for twenty-five years, and was highly esteemed by the people among whom his life was spent and where his influence for good was greatest. The deceased was the father of Mrs. Alice Jessup of this city, and leaves many warm frinds and near and dear relatives to mourn his death.

A Change of Residence.

Mr. Jas. W. Atkinson leaves next week for Dunn, whither he goes to take charge of the Hotel Divine at that place. For more than twenty-five years Mr. Atkinson has enjoyed a residence in Fayetteville, during which time he has lived an honorable and upright life, and to his new home he carries with him the best wishes of a host of friends for endless success in his chosen occupation. His democracy is of the kind that never grows dim, and no braver soldier ever shouldered a musket in the late war.

Ninth Annual Session Teachers' Assembly.

Our old friend, Eugene Harrell, Esq., Secretary, will accept our thanks for a special invitation to attend the Ninth Annual Session of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly at Moorehead City, June 21st to July 14, proximo. The programme for '92 is an unusually interesting one and foreshadows in advance the best class of educational work ever done in the State. Indeed, it has been prepared with an eye-single to the interest of the people as well as the teachers, and all North Carolina is invited to attend the sessions in June.

The Fayetteville Graded School.

The supsension of the Fayetteville Graded School in this place last week for want of the necessary funds to continue to the close of the session, must be regarded as the severest blow at education Fayetteville has received in many years. Indeed the best thought of the community must be brought into requisition to devise some means for the early re-establishment of the school on a more substantial basis, that our educational facilities may be augmented and increased instead of diminished. To this end our people must work with harmony and concert of action, subordinating personal considerations for the upbuilding of the school and the advancement of education in our midst. Now this cannot be done by one man, nor half a dozen men, and had there been more concert of action all along the line the condition which confronts us today would have been unknown to our people.

NORMAL INSTITUTE FOR ELDERS AND DEACONS.

Fayetteville the Place for the First Session.

The committee appointed at the last meeting of Fayetteville Presbytery, in Pittsboro, on the inauguration of a Normal Institute for Elders and Deacons, met a few days since and arranged a very entertaining programme, selected the speakers, and named August 2nd to 12th, inclusive, as the time for the Institute, the place to be named by the committee which meets in Red Springs next Monday, the 30th inst.

It goes without saying that Fayetteville is *the* place for holding the first session of the Institute, and to that end the Session of the Fayetteville Presbyterian Church met last Monday afternoon, and appointed Dr. J. W. McNeill, S. C. Rankin, Randall McMillan and R. M. Prior a committee to present and urge the adoption of the claims of Fayetteville as the place. With our superior advantages in transportation, hotel and boarding-house accommodations and our accessibility to all the strongholds of Presbyterianism, we feel sure that the committee will not be long in determining the place.

The one aim and object of such a meeting for Elders and Deacons is to increase their knowledge of the Scriptures and duty, and their skill in using the Divine Word; and it is confidently expected that from three to five hundred people will be in daily attendance upon these meetings. Fayetteville can offer a building or church sufficiently large in which to conduct the Institute, reduced rates over all the railroads, besides ample and comfortable quarters for a thousand people at very low prices. Moreover, with the schedules in effect on and after next Monday, all parties residing south of Fayetteville can spend all day in town and return to their homes if necessary the same night.

The Fayetteville people are nothing if not hospitable and homogeneous, and possess to a very eminent degree the happy faculty of knowing just how to make their guests feel perfectly easy and at home while in their midst; and the opinion is unanimous among all those with whom we have talked on the subject that Fayetteville is preeminently the place for the first session of the Elders and Deacons Institute.

Change of Schedules to Take Effect May 30th.

The north-bound train over the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway will leave Fayetteville at 8:15 A. M. for Greensboro, making close connection at Sanford with the Seaboard Air-Line for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North, and with the Norfolk & Western Railroad at Walnut Cove for Winston-Salem, Roanoke and all points north and west of Roanoke. Passengers from Fayetteville will reach Raleigh at 11:15 A. M., and have about four and a half hours in Raleigh, and reach Fayetteville at 8 P. M. the same day. Passenger trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 will run daily.

Trains from Bennettsville will reach Fayetteville at 7:50 A. M., returning will leave at 8:26 P. M., affording the people south of Fayetteville an opportunity to spend all day in Fayetteville, returning home that night. Wilmington trains will arrive in Fayetteville at 7:45 A. M., and returning will leave at 8:25 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE CHANGES.

On and after Monday next, the 30th inst., trains over the Wilson & Fayetteville Extension of the Atlantic Coast Line will arrive in Fayetteville from Florence, S. C., at 9 A. M., and leave for Wilson at 9:20 A. M. Returning, will arrive in Fayetteville at 5:30 P. M., leaving for Florence at 5:35 P. M., thus affording the people south of Fayetteville tributary to this line an opportunity to spend the entire day in Fayetteville for the transaction of business, instead of two or three hours as heretofore. In fact the schedule is the best ever issued, so far as it effects Fayetteville.

Death of Mrs. J. T. Denny.

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to Mr. J. T. Denny in the hour of his affliction, over the death of his beloved wife, Mrs. Sallie A. Denny, who passed quietly away from the toils of earth to the realms of the "beautiful beyond," at her home in this city on Tuesday morning May 17th, 1892, age about 35 years. Of her indeed it may be truthfully said that:

"None knew her but to love her,
None named her but to praise."

An affectionate and devoted husband, four bright and promising children survive her, in whose hearts the sweet memories and fond recollections of wife and mother will forever be kept green; Mrs. Denny was a native of Rockingham county, where she resided until she came to Fayetteville, about four years ago. A strict member of the Presbyterian church and a devout and unwavering follower of Christ, she was calm and perfectly resigned to death when the summons came. Her remains were taken to Reidsville for interment and lowered to their resting place in the present of a large concourse of sorrowing friends and relatives.

Caught at Last.

Mr. C. E. Pearce returned from Tarboro Tuesday where he went to identify one Jones *alias* Joel Hudson, who in the fall of 1890, forged a voucher on N. A. Sinclair, then County Superintendent of Public Instruction, for $90, which was duly paid by Treasurer Troy. Hudson had just fleeced the Superintendent of Public Instruction of Sampson county for $108 in a similar way, and from the best we can learn he systematically carryied on this nefarious business in Pitt, Johnston and Edgecombe counties ever since, but was caught at last in Tarboro last week while presenting the county Treasurer's check to the bank there for $75, secured on a forged voucher to which he confessed at the time, and threw himself on the mercy of the Court.

Busy Writing Checks.

Receiver LeDue of the People's National Bank, is now kept busy writing checks for the 15 per cent. dividend recently declared in favor of the depositors in that institution.

The F. I. L. I. Assigned the Post of Honor in the Military Parade at the Charlotte Celebration.

As usual, the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry covered itself with glory and came out with flying colors at the great Charlotte Celebration, last week, of the 117th Anniversary of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence.

In the military parade the Company was given the post of honor, followed by the Cabarrus Black Boys, the Columbia Zouaves, the Southern Stars, the Guilford Grays of Greensboro, the Concord Drum Corps, the Shelby Company, the Dallas Guards, the Naval Battalion Band, the Hornet's Nest Riflemen, the Queen City Guards, the Charlotte Naval Battalion Division, the Gatling Gun, the Hotchkiss Gun and Torpedo Corps, and the Continentals.

On the march the soldierly bearing and magnificent movements of the Independent Company were such as to enlist round after round of applause from bystanders and spectators alike, and while passing the Central Hotel, from the balcony of which Senator Hill reviewed the parade, the distinguished New Yorker was heard to remark that the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry reminded him more of the famous Seventh of New York, than any company he had seen since he left home.

In the contest for prizes the Independent Company carried off the second for $75, the score standing as follows:

CHARLOTTE NAVAL BATTALION TEAM.

Brockenboro,	4 4 4 5 5—22
Smith,	4 4 4 3 4—19
Alexander,	4 3 4 5 4—20
Ruark,	5 3 5 3 4—20
Howell,	4 2 4 2 4—16
Total,	97

FAYETTEVILLE TEAM.

A. J. Pemberton,	5 3 4 3 4—18
E. L. Pemberton,	5 4 4 4 4—21
J. C. Vann,	4 4 4 4 4—20
J. A. Vann,	4 4 4 4 4—20
W. C. McDuffie, Jr.,	4 3 2 3 3—15
Total,	94

Charlotte won first prize, $125; Fayetteville second prize, $75; Brockenboro won first individual prize, $15; E. L. Pemberton, second, $10.

The F. I. L. I. Cornet Band rendered some excellent music on the occasion, and was the recipient of many high encomiums for the excellence and proficiency of its renditions.

In conclusion, it is but just to the Independent Company's rifle team to say that they were compelled to shoot other guns than those which they had been accustomed to using, though defeated for the first prize by only three points.

Store and Stables Burned.

Mr. W. L. Nunnalee's store and stables at Rockfish bridge, about 6 miles from town, on the Wilmington road, were destroyed by fire yesterday morning about daylight, entailing a loss of several hundred dollars. It is thought to have been the work of an incendiary, and that the store was robbed before the torch was applied, Mr. Nunnalee being absent from home, in Wilmington, at the time.

Change of Operators.

Miss Flora Brenneeke, of Chester, S. C., a very popular young lady wherever known, and a very efficient operator, succeeds Mr. Lawrence in the Western Union office in Fayetteville, while Mr. Chas. M. Scattergood, of Wilmington, succeeds Mr. Hill in the office of the Postal Telegraph and Cable Company, who goes to Richmond, Va.

Elias Carr Welcomed Home by His People.

TARBORO, N. C., May 21.—Edgecombe gave Elias Carr a rousing reception Saturday upon his arrival from Charlotte. He was met at the train by the Edgecombe Guards, a large number of mounted men and a multitude of citizens in vehicles and on foot. Amid shrill blasts of whistles, cheer after cheer from the throng, pealing bells, waving flags, handkerchiefs and everything shakable, the blast of trumpets and the resonance of drums, he was escorted through the town. In rainbow array with red, white and blue, the school children greeted him on the way, hailed him as our next Governor and literaly filled with flowers the carriage in which he, Mayor Fountain and the editor of the *Southerner* were riding. He was happily welcomed and introduced to the vast assemblage from the balcony of the Hotel Farrar by Judge Phillips.

He was visibly affected when he arose. His speech was short. He expressed his gratification at the rousing welcome given, and promised, if elected, to be the Governor of the people of North Carolina and not of any faction. Henry C. Bourne, the silver-tongued orator of the county, followed; then ex-Governor Jarvis and J. J. Laughinghouse, of Pitt, spoke. Gov. Jarvis's speech was a happy effort and is yet being praised. No such demonstration has ever been witnessed here. There is a closing up of the Democratic ranks here and an advance all along the line.

OBITUARY.

MRS. EMILY FRANCIS MCKAY, was born December 26th, 1831, and died at her home in Fayetteville, N. C., May 17th, 1892.

The life embraced within these dates was a very quiet, unobtrusive one; but a life full of that sweet odor which the Christian religion only can impart. She was received into the membership of the Hay Street Methodist Episcopal Church, during the pastorate of the Rev. Thos. W. Guthrie, more than a quarter of a century ago; and lived an irreproachable christian life till summoned to join "the general assembly and church of the First Born whose names are written in heaven."

As a wife she was always mindful of the obligations she took on herself when entering the married state, and was a joy and crown to him whose lot in life she counted it a privilege to share. As a mother she was affectionate, and devoted herself with all the tireless watchfulness of a mother's love, to train her children for usefulness and honor here, and for heaven hereafter. She "lured to brighter worlds, and led the way."

She was stricken with paralysis during the past summer, and, all through the weary months of her sufferings, she was sustained by the conscious peace of God, and the christian's hope of immortality. Her faith in God was a benediction to those who helped to smooth her pathway to the tomb, from which they could not rescue her. She regarded her death as inevitable, and, like some heroic soldier, who after many hard fought battles, leaps to the last encounter, not because he is fond of conflict, but because it is the last, and only barrier, between him and the fruits of the warfare in which he has been engaged; so this good woman welcomed the conflict with death as the one that should pass her on to the crown of life.

For her death had no sting, and, over her, the grave shall have no lasting victory. Loving hands laid her body tenderly to rest, and covered the grave with beautiful flowers; and then we turned away feeling earth was poorer, but heaven richer for her death.

HER PASTOR.

Raleigh Christian Advocate please copy.

People and Their Movements.

Mrs. N. B. Alexander is spending a few days with relatives and friends in South Carolina.

E. L. Hawkes, of the Wilmington Street Railway, dined at the Hotel LaFayette Monday.

We regret to hear of the critical illness of Mrs. F. R. Rose, at her home on Haymount.

Mrs. E. L. Pemberton, went up to Spout Springs Tuesday, to visit Mrs. W. J. McDiarmid.

Frank Thornton, Jr., went up to Winston Tuesday to "take in" the Salem Commencement.

Mr. Geo. P. McNeill spent a few days with his family in this city this week, and leaves to-day for Washington.

Mr. A. D. Black, of Wilmington, well and favorably known in Fayetteville, spent a few days in the city last week.

Rev. J. T. Gibbs, presiding elder of the Fayetteville district, passed through the city Monday on his way to Jonesboro.

Mr. J. B. Makepeace, of the Sanford Sash & Blind Company, spent a day or two in Fayetteville this week in the interest of his house.

Mrs. Arthur P. Dixon is on a visit to friends in Greensboro, and will be present at the Commencement exercises of the Greensboro Female College.

Mr. J. A. Burns left for Carolina Beach Tuesday, to join Phil. Wright in the conduct and management of the Oceanic Hotel at the popular summer resort this season.

Capt. T. H. Pemberton, of the Pullman Palace Car Company, is spending his spring vacation in Fayetteville, where he is greeted with a warm welcome by his many friends.

Misses Mollie and Sallie Rozier, two of Robeson's most charming daughters, spent a short while in Fayetteville Monday, *en route* to Greensboro, whither they went to attend the commencement exercises of Greensboro Female College.

Maj. Kyle, of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway, took in the Charlotte celebration last week, and enjoyed the pleasure of the Hon. David B. Hill's company from Charlotte to Greensboro. Two better men seldom ever meet.

Dr. W. H. Moore, of the Hay Street M. E. Church, and wife, are enjoying the pleasures of Commencement exercises at the Female College in Greensboro this week, and the association and mingling with friends of former days, long since made.

Miss Bertha McDuffie, one of Fayetteville's most accomplished and charming society belles, is at home again, after an absence of several months' medical treatment in New York, greatly improved in health, much to the delight of her host of friends in Fayetteville and elsewhere.

PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Adopted by the State Convention, held at Raleigh, May 18-19, 1892.

Resolved, 1. That the democracy of North Carolina reaffirm the principles of the democratic party, both State and national, and particularly favor the free coinage of silver and an increase of the currency, and the repeal of the internal revenue system. And we denounce the McKinley tariff bill as unjust to the consumers of the country, and leading to the formation of trusts, combines and monopolies which have oppressed the people; and especially do we denounce the unnecessary and burdensome increase in the tax on cotton ties and on tin, so largely used by the poorer portion of the people. We likewise denounce the iniquitous force bill, which is not yet abandoned by the republican party, but is being urged as a measure to be adopted as soon as they regain control of the House of Representatives, the purpose and effect of which measure will be to establish a second period of reconstruction in the Southern States, to subvert the liberties of our people and inflame, anent, race antagonism and sectional animosities.

2. That we demand financial reform, and the enactment of laws that will remove the burdens of the people, relieve the existing agricultural depression, and do full and ample justice to the farmers and laborers of our country.

3. That we demand the abolition of national banks, and the substitution of legal tender treasury notes in lieu of national bank notes, issued in sufficient volume to do the business of the country on a cash system, regulating the amount needed on a per capita basis as the business interests of the country expand, and that all money issued by the government shall be legal tender in payment of all deots, both public and private.

4. That we demand that Congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealing in futures of all agricultural and mechanical productions; providing such stringent system of procedure in trials as shall secure prompt conviction, and imposing such penalties as shall secure most perfect compliance with the law.

5. That we demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

6. That we demand the passage of laws prohibiting the alien ownership of land, and that Congress take early steps to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by alien and foreign syndicates; and that all lands now held by railroads and other corporations, in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them, be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

7. Believing in the doctrine of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," we demand that taxation, national or State, shall not be used to build up one interest or class at the expense of another. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all revenue, national, State or county, shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

6. That Congress issue a sufficient amount of fractional paper currency to facilitate the exchange through the medium of the United States mail.

Resolved, That the General Assembly pass such laws as will make the public school system more effective, that the blessings of education may be extended to all the people of the State alike.

Mr. Charles McDonald, of Cabarrus, made a motion that the platform be adopted by acclamation. There were cries of "No." A delegate from Haywood sent forward the following plank: "That we demand a graduated tax on incomes." This the committee accepted, and then a motion was made that the platform as thus amended be adopted by a rising vote. Amid great cheers this was done, and the chairman announced that the vote was unanimous. The cheers and applause lasted several minutes.

Report of the Grand Jury.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } May Term,
Cumberland County. } 1892.

The Grand Jury respectfully report to the Court as follows:

The Jail as far as we are able to discover is in good condition—every thing appears clean and neat, and the prisoners are well provided for. With the exception of a little mason and carpenter's work in the cell on the first floor, we notice nothing requiring special attention.

A committee appointed to visit and examine the Poor House were especially pleased with its appearance and management. The inmates appeared cheerful and contented, and showed every evidence of kind and thoughtful attention.

As regards the Court House, we recommend, first, additional seating capacity, as it is a great hardship for witnesses who have to wait four or five hours for their cases, to be compelled to stand all the time.

We also recommend that the Clerk's office be enlarged at once as he is very much crowded.

The offices of the Clerk and Register of Deeds have been visited by us, and we find that their books and records are neatly and carefully kept.

We especially recommend that the books and papers in the room of equity be kept in better condition, as they are of great importance, and we find them very much exposed and liable to be destroyed.

Respectfully submitted,
JONATHAN EVANS,
Foreman.

A Valued Testimonial.

Raleigh Chronicle.]

As is known to some, ex-President Davis, a short time before his death, bequeathed his inkstand to Col. Wharton J. Green, of our State, as a testimonial of his regard, but owing to Mrs. Davis's assiduous literary labors and consequent long absence from home it has only recently been received.

It is safe to say that Mr. Davis could not have bequeathed the priceless heirloom to any one who would have appreciated it more highly than Col. Green, for no one ever held the great donor in higher esteem. To Col. Green the ex-President was the impersonation of the best elements of American statesmanship, as he was the representative of Southern chivalry and manhood. The inkstand, in itself, is of little intrinsic value, but is suggestive of both quietude and activity. From it was supplied the material with which he wrote down those master thoughts which will prove more lasting in their effect than the potent strokes of the sword.

Roslin Items.

Mrs. Margaret Brown died near Roslin, N. C., May 19th, aged 82 years. The deceased was a faithful christian and devoted mother. She leaves many friends and relatives to mourn her loss.

Married, at Roslin, May 11th, James Garvin, to Catharine Roberts, of Rockfish township, John Smith, J. P., officiating.

Also, at Roslin May 22nd, Archie West to Emma Wishart, of Rockfish township, John Smith, J. P., officiating.

Our friend and neighbor, D. W. Biggs, is building a nice barn and stables at his new residence.

Crops are looking generally well through this neighborhood considering the cool and dry weather. S. J. D.

All for a Barley Corn.

LaFontaine, in one of his fables, tells of a barnyard fowl that scratched up a gem while scratching for corn. Not knowing its value, he gave it to a stone-cutter for a barley corn. Thus do many persons throw away the priceless pearl of health. A "trifling" cough is neglected, then comes Consumption, then death. Stay the cough, or look out for a coffin. Dr. Pearce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure catarrh in the head, bronchial or throat affections, or lung-scrofula (commonly known as the consumption of the lungs). If taken in time, and given a fair trial, it will cure, or the money paid for it will be refunded. It is the only *guaranteed* cure.

For several years past a gentleman in Nashua, N. H., has been in the habit of taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla to tone up his system preparatory to the heated term. He finds that this medicine relieves the tired feeling so prevalent during spring and early summer.

WRITE to Miss S. A. Tillinghast, 425 N. Bloodworth Street, Raleigh, N. C., for any information you wish about the ELECTROPOISE. She can refer you to many of its friends.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GO TO

J. A. BURNS & CO.'S

Cheap - Cash - Store,

Person St., Fayetteville, N. C.,

—FOR—

Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes,

Caps, Trunks, Valises, Gent's Furnishing Goods, etc. Wholesale and Retail.

Ready-made Clothing to suit all classes of the trade; stylish and close fitting. Prices to suit your pocket-book.

Meals served at all hours and in any style at our Restaurant on Gillespie street, with first class bar in connection.

May 26—tf.

DESIRABLE HOUSE

FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

On Friday (to-morrow) May 27th, at 12 o'clock M., I will sell at public aution the J. W. Atkinson residence on Russell Street. The lot fronts 110 feet and runs back 330 feet. Good water, garden and outhouses. CHAS. GLOVER,
May 26, 1892—1t Auctioneer.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The law firm of Sutton & Cook was dissolved on February 13th, 1892, by mutual consent.
SUTTON & COOK.

I will continue the practice of law in Cumberland and surrounding counties. Office in OBSERVER building, Green Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
HENRY L. COOK.
May 26, 1892—tf

GOOD BOARD

WITH OR WITHOUT ROOM AT VERY reasonable rates may be had at MRS. BELLE W. CARSON'S very convenient location on Hay Street.
May 26, 1892. 1tpd

Worn and Wan and Weak and Weary.

Ho! ye women, worn and weary, with wan faces and so indescribably weak. Those distressing, dragging-down pains, and that constant weakness and wornness and weariness can be cured. For all such sufferers, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a panacea of inestimable value. As an invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system. For "overworked," "worn-out," debilitated teachers, dress makers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic. As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription is unequaled and invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms, commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

☞ No nausea or griping after using Brookfield's Liver and Kidney Pills. For sale by Fayetteville Druggists.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

Young Mothers!

We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend" I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—MRS. ANNIE GAGE, Lamar, Mo., Jan. 15th, 1891.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Coca Cola,

The Great Nerve Restorer.

MILKSHAKES, LIMEADE AND SHERBETS, SODA WATER are now dispensed with the purest syrups, at our fountain.

A. J. COOK & CO., DRUGGISTS,
MARKET SQUARE.
Fayetteville, N. C.
May 12, 1892.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

—THE—

FAYETTEVILLE ICE FACTORY

is now ready to deliver

PURE - ICE,

made from the water of the Fountain Head Spring.

No better Ice made in the world. Will deliver in quantities to suit customers.

FAYETTEVILLE ICE CO.
May 19, 1892. tf.

COTTAGE

FOR SALE.

I have a new and desirably located cottage for sale at

CAROLINA BEACH.

It was built last July, and was used but two months. It is now clean and in complete order. J. A. SPRINGER,
May 12—4t. Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.

I AM PREPARED TO PASTURE A LIMITED number of cattle for the summer. For terms and further information call on or address J. S. EVANS,
May 19, 1892—2w Fayetteville, N. C.

Executor's Notice.

Having this day qualified as executor of the last will and testament of Euphemia Keith, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said Euphemia Keith to present them to the undersigned on or before the 19th day of May, 1893, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate must make immediate payment. J. B SMITH,
May 19—6t. Executor of Euphemia Keith.

Executor's Notice.

Having this day qualified as executor of the last will and testament of Malcom Currie, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the estate of the said Malcom Currie to present them on or before the 3rd day of May, 1893, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate must make immediate payment. ROBERT CURRIE,
May 5, 1892—6t Executor of Malcom Currie.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified as administrator with the will annexed upon the estate of Matthew Strickland, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them on or before the 2nd day of May, 1893. All persons owing said estate will make payment to me without further notice. Z B. NEWTON,
May 5, 1892—6t Administrator C. T. A.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. | NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



THE ROLLER TRAY TRUNK

THE MOST CONVENIENT TRUNK EVER DEVISED.

The Tray is arranged to roll back, leaving the bottom of the Trunk easy of access.

Nothing to break or get out of order. The Tray can be lifted out if desired, and to buy this style is a guarantee that you will get the strongest Trunk made.

If your Dealer cannot furnish you, notify the manufacturers,

H. W. ROUNTREE & BRO., Richmond, Va.

May 26, 1892.—3m

-:- USE -:-

"PERFECTION,"

—GUARANTEED THE—

Best - and - Cheapest

—HIGH-GRADE—

Flour on the Market.

Q. K. NIMOCKS & CO.,

Gillespie Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
May 19th, 1892.

CAROLINA

-Machine Company-

MANUFACTURERS OF

Saw Mill Machinery,

DEALERS IN

"Rebuilt" Engines and Boilers

Works and Office, Fayetteville, N. C.
May 19, 1891.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

—AT—

WALTER WATSON'S

Hardware House.

PLOWS,	HOES,
HAMES,	RAKES,
TRACES,	FORKS,
BACK BANDS,	SHOVELS,
SINGLE TREES,	WHEEL BARROWS,
REPAIR LINKS,	LAWN MOWERS,
BULL TONGUES,	FLY FANS,
SWEEPS,	FLY TRAPS,
SHOVELS,	BUSH AND BRIER HOOKS,
SWEEP STOCKS,	PUMPS,

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

LIME, LATHS, HAIR, &c., &c.

March 24, 1892—tf

McCLURE & GRENAMYER,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS, BEDSTEADS, ETC.

WE ARE NOW READY TO OFFER TO THE TRADE A

FULL LINE

Of House-building Material, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Casings, Scroll-work, Turned-work, Flooring, Ceiling, Wainscoting and Rough Lumber.

☞ ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. ☜

Feb'y 4, 1892—tf

McMILLAN BROS.,



MANUFACTURERS OF TURPENTINE STILLS

Fayetteville, N. C. and Savannah, Ga.

We keep constantly on hand STILLS, CAPS, ARMS and WORMS, from 10 to 35 bbl. capacity. BOTTOMS OF ALL SIZES. We beg to remind our friends that we are prepared to fill all ORDERS FOR STILLS AND STILL REPAIRS without any delay. We exchange New Stills for old ones, and pay the highest cash price for old stills and copper in any shape. Give us a call. McMILLAN BROS., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

March 24, 1892—tf

ABSOLUTELY FREE!

The Publishers of the FAMILY JOURNAL are determined to largely increase the circulation of their paper. To do this we make the following unparalleled offer. We will send absolutely FREE, postage prepaid, the celebrated *FAMILY COOK-BOOK* to each person sending us 25 cents for a six months' subscription to the FAMILY JOURNAL. This Cook Book is sent to EACH six months subscriber, and will be found an almost invaluable culinary guide in the hands of the most experienced housekeepers, as well as a necessity to the inexperienced. It possesses the one great advantage over all other cook-books published by being a comprehensive compilation of economical recipes suited to housewives with limited means. Under other heads recipes for numerous table luxuries are given. In fact this cook-book is a compendium of useful recipes used and originated by the most celebrated chefs, cooks and pastry bakers of the present day. With the FAMILY COOK-BOOK as a guide, no housewife need worry how to prepare the most sumptuous or most frugal repast. Remember we send this book absolutely free to every six months' subscriber to the FAMILY JOURNAL. This is no cheap book. It retails as high as $1.50 and $2 and is worth many times more. *THE FAMILY JOURNAL* is an elegant monthly family paper, handsomely illustrated, and containing in connection with charming stories and choice literature, such special features as "Household Hints," "The Fashions," "The Household Doctor" and numerous other departments of domestic interest, each ably edited by well-known writers on the various topics mentioned. Six months' trial subscription is only 25 cents and entitles sender to a single copy of the Cook-Book. Send twenty-five cents in postal note or stamps to

THE FAMILY JOURNAL CO.,
89 Plymouth Place, Chicago, Ill.
apl 14—2m

One Dollar Weekly

Buys a good Gold Watch by our Club System. Our 14-karat gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set. Lady's or Gent's size. Equal to any $50 watch. To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting-Case Watches for the Club price $28 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.

Our Agent at Heath Springs, S. C., writes:

"Your watches take at sight. The gentleman who got the last watch said that he examined and priced a jeweler's watches in Lancaster, that were no better than yours, but the price was $45."

One good reliable Agent wanted for each place. Write for particulars.

EMPIRE WATCH CO., New York.
March 3, 1892. 1y

Commissioner's Sale of Valuable Timber Land!

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Richmond County, made in case of Jno. F. McNair and Thos. L. McNair, plaintiffs, against Duncan Mc Kay and others, defendants, the undersigned commissioners appointed by said decree will, on the 6th day of June, 1892, expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash at the Court-house door in the town of Rockingham, N. C., for the purpose of making partition among the tenants in common therein 1,586 acres of heavily timbered land situated in Richmond county about seven (7) miles from the R. & A. Railroad. More than half this land is covered with round long leaf pine, and all is heavily timbered. Full description of said land will be given day of sale. The title to the land is clear. Any person desiring to purchase will be shown over the land. Address all inquiries for further particulars to Jno. D. Shaw, Jr., Laurinburg, N. C.

FRANK McNEILL,
JNO. D. SHAW, JR.,
Commissioners.
May 5, 1892—ts

Important to Ladies.

SIR:—I made use of your PHILOTOKEN with my last child, in order to procure a safe and easy travail. I used it about two months before my expected time, until I was taken sick, and I had a very quick and easy confinement. Nothing occurred to protract my convalescence, and I got about in less time than was usual for me. I think it a medicine that should be used by every expectant mother, for should they but try it as I have they would never again be without it at such times.

I am yours respectfully,
MRS. ELIZABETH DIX.

Any merchant or druggist can procure RISLEY'S PHILOTOKEN for $1 a bottle.
CHARLES F. RISLEY, Wholesale Druggist,
62 Cortlandt St., New York.
March 3, 1892. 1y

For Sale.

That desirable place on Haymount formerly owned and occupied by Col. A. H. Worth, known as the summer residence of the late D. A. Ray—a comfortable six-room dwelling, with all necessary outhouses and attractive grounds. Belonging to the property are 15 acres of valuable land—a good part thereof fronting on the street leading to Glenville Pond, and easily divided into eligible building lots with pleasant location. On the premises are good water, a never-failing spring and fish-pond. For terms call on or address

WELDON W HUSKE.
Fayetteville, N. C.
Jan'y 7, 1892—tf

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of mortgage, executed by A. Leslie and wife, and D. N. Leslie, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book "P," No. 4, page 203, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: About 153 acres of land in Quewhiffle township in said county, bounded and described as in said mortgage.

Place of sale: Court House in Fayetteville.
Time of sale: Monday, June 6th, 1892 at 11 o'clock
Terms of sale: Cash.

L. A. BLUE.
May 12, 1892—ts

Land Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of power of sale contained in a mortgage executed by B. F. Bryant and wife to Blocker and Geddie, dated 1st January, 1890, and duly registered February 3rd, 1890, in Book N. No. 4, page 506, the undersigned will expose to public sale at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., on Monday, the 13th day of June, 1892, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, a tract of Land in Cedar Creek township, Cumberland County, N. C., containing 27 5-10 acres, adjoining the lands of W. R. Johnson, J. C. Jackson and others, whereon the said Bryant is now living—for a full description of which, see the said mortgage.

J. McP. GEDDIE,
Surviving Partner of Blocker and Geddie.
May 12, 1892—ts

FOR SALE.

One Bookwalter Engine and Boiler complete, 6¼ horse-power; one Circular Saw Frame and Mandrill, and five saws of the following sizes: 32 inch, 23 inch, 21½ inch, 10 inch and 12 inch; Belting, Shafting, etc. Also Portable Grist Mill. Also one 10½ horse-power Engine and Boiler with necessary fixtures, etc. Apply to

A. G. BRADY,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 15,1891—tf

For Any Information

concerning the ELECTROPOISE TREATMENT, advertised elsewhere in the OBSERVER, call on or address

MISS MARY McN. BUIE,
P. O. Box 207, Fayetteville, N. C.
March 24, 1892—tf

NEWTON H. SMITH,
Real Estate Agent,
P. O. Box 58, Fayetteville, N. C.,

Has especial advantages for buying and selling town and country property. Write him for particulars if you want to buy or sell REAL ESTATE.

He is also a

COAL DEALER,

and carries a FULL STOCK AT ALL TIMES of Anthracite and Bituminous Coal, and is *never undersold.* July 30, 1891—tf

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad
Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7-tf Fayetteville, N C.

PITOU'S FACE CREAM. The leading Parisian Cosmetique. Absolutely harmless and a perfect face beautifier. A first class medicant. On sale with all leading druggists. apl 14—3m

CARTER'S PEPSIN is the safest remedy for weak digestion. Can be taken by the smallest child. For sale by leading druggists. apl 14—3m

The Blacksmith.

I love to stand at the blacksmith's door,
Just at the close of day,
When the feather we call the evening star
From night's wing is floating away,
And the blinding glories of the west
Melt into quaking gray.

'Tis a homely and a quiet joy
To lose sight of earthly jars,
By watching the fire flakes, soft as snow,
Like a shoal of falling stars,
Sprout, like miniature comets through the gloom,
'Twixt the glowing iron bars.

I stand on the threshold—day without
And murkiness within—
And watch the swarthy figures flit
From the fire to the dusty bin;
And not unpleasant to my ear
Is the hammer and the anvil's din.

I love to watch the bright red glow
On the laborer's honest face,
And the thick and well marked veins that show
Firm as an iron brace;
And in steadier mood I seek my work,
With a quicker and happier pace.

—*New York Ledger.*

Successful Corn Growing.

The following practical paper was read by Mr. J. Burrow before the Giles County Farmers' Association of Kentucky:

It has been aptly said the "successful education of a child must commence when his parents are children." So the preparation of the corn crop should have been commenced years and years ago to bring the land up to its greatest productiveness, judicious rotation and fertilizing; but as much can be done with the child's education, however neglected, in a few years, so of the soil in poor condition can be wonderfully benefitted by rotation.

We will suppose we had a field of clover to put in corn. Commence in the centre of the field and turn the land in, and the field is finished without a track on the land. Turn just deep enough to show an inch of clay on top of the soil. There is nothing now to do to that field but lock the gate until the 20th of March; when the ground is dry, harrow thoroughly to fine the top and kill young growth, then lay off three feet and eight inches, planting eighteen inches in drill. Two grains may be dropped, and one stalk taken out by the middle of May.

There are a number of plants that work admirably. The harrow should be run over this corn about three times, avoiding throwing much hill to the corn. My observation, if not my practice, is in favor of shallow and level culture and early laying by. I well remember ruining twenty acres of fine corn in my early farming. I had it nice and clean, but thought it needed to be hilled up, so about June 15th I took long ploughs and threw up a ridge to my corn; there came a drought, and my less industrious but wiser neighbor raised a fine field of corn while mine was ruined by my last ploughing. Three feet eight inches is for land full of humus and moderately productive. For poor or thin land the rows should be wide and the corn thin in drill. I well remember seeing a piece of very poor land planted to cotton; it was so poor it did not bring up a stand of cotton. The owner in May, with a feeble hope of getting something out of the land, planted every other row in corn. This made the rows some six or seven feet. He gave it only a little cultivation. The result astonished every one who saw it—the corn was fine.

No sucker should be allowed to tassel in the corn field. Nothing can degenerate corn so quick as to be fertilized by pollen from suckers—we should make war on the suckers. No man in this land of grass and clover should for a moment think of pulling fodder. Corn fodder or cut corn is a failure in the South. It rots with our hot, damp climate, and we have hay that is much better and cheaper. No pasturing should be allowed in the corn field. The late Mr. Hays, of Big Creek, whose farm was a marvel of productiveness, claimed he owed it largely to prohibiting pasturing. No hoof ever tramped from soil and eat up the vegetable matter. Our corn crop was largely rotten the past year, reducing its value one half on many farms. The remedy lies in two directions—one is not to plant corn after corn, the other is to plant a hard corn after the flint type, which is comparatively free from rot. There are a thousand other things not touched on relative to corn that I cannot attempt in this essay, that is too long already, and in which I have made plain that corn is not my hobby. I only wish the task fallen to some one more able to do it justice. This essay demonstrates how wise men can err in their selection. I end like I commenced by declaring no subject can be of more vital importance than "How to raise the maximum corn crop." Did I know how and could teach others, I would be a greater benefactor than George Washington.

Celery Culture.

Meehans' Monthly for April.]

In the old world almost every one is an amateur gardener, and unless they could grow their fruits or vegetables superior to what they could find in the market they would feel very badly about it. Celery culture is especially a point with these amateurs. They find by experience that a great deal of the success in growing fine vegetables, depends on getting very healthy plants to start with. They do not sow their celery seed bed, and then draw out the plants for their final plantations, as so many do with us. Some of our growers do a little better than this, however, by transplanting their celery plants once before setting them out; but the enthusiastic English amateur is not even satisfied with this, but puts his plants as soon as they can be safely handled each into a small pot so as to get them stocky and well established, before setting them out in the open ground. Large numbers of these small growers, who have only room for two or three dozen plants, will have these plants, which they first raise in boxes in the windows, all ready to repot and set out in August. It is amazing what enormously large and succulent stalks of celery can be raised by a little extra care in this way.

Fattened on Hulls and Meal.

The Charleston (S. C.) *News and Courier* publishes a statement in reference to a herd of ten cattle recently sent to Charleston by the Greenwood Oil Company. The cattle had been kept from 77 to 93 days, and fed exclusively on cotton seed meal and hulls. The cattle had been weighed when they were bought, and again when they were shipped. The aggregate increase in weight was 2,130 pounds. The daily rations consisted of a quart of meal and a peck to a half-bushel of hulls, mixed dry and fed night and morning, the cost being twelve cents a head per day.

Summer Care of Horses.

As the season grows warmer, the horses should be fed sparingly on corn. Oats, well crushed, make the best feed, as corn contains too much oil, and produces fat and animal heat, with muscle. If oats are moistened previous to feeding the demand for water after feeding will be lessened and too much water at that time often carries the grain from the stomach into the intestines, where it cannot be digested. Corn often causes sweating when given in large quantities.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

For Boils, Pimples
carbuncles,
scrofulous sores,
eczema, and all other
blood diseases,
take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

It will
relieve and cure
dyspepsia, nervous
debility, and that
tired feeling.

Has Cured Others
will cure you.

May 28, 1891.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. McD. ROBINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
NOTARY PUBLIC,
NO. 6, THORNTON BLOCK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Gives special attention to collecting and conveyancing. Deeds, Contracts, Wills, Mortgages, etc., prepared in best style on Remington Type-writer. Proofs taken and privy examinations made for any county in North Carolina and other States, and affidavits prepared for use within or without the State.
Oct 29, 1891.

JOHN G. SHAW,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

Practices in the various Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.
Feb'y 14, 1889. 1y

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney-at-Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Attends all the Courts in Robeson County.
Office No. 4, Thornton Block.
June 20, 1889. tf

DR. J. H. DANIEL,
OF DUNN, HARNETT COUNTY, N. C.,

offers his professional services to those suffering with Cancer and Scrofulous Affections.

All letters of inquiry as to my mode of treatment will be cheerfully answered.

Would respectfully ask the attention of the public to the subjoined card from Dr. McKay:

SUMMERVILLE, N. C., Dec. 11th, 1890.
Dr. J. H. Daniel, Dunn, N. C.:

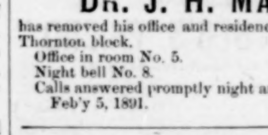
DEAR SIR:—The sore on my face, which was pronounced Epetheial Cancer, is perfectly well, and I do not hesitate to recommend your mode of treatment to any persons suffering with Cancer.

Respectfully,
A. M. McKAY, M. D.
March 12, 1891—tf

DR. J. H. MARSH

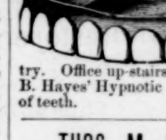
has removed his office and residence to rooms in the Thornton block.
Office in room No. 5.
Night bell No. 8.
Calls answered promptly night and day.
Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

G. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.



After 6 years experience offer his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.,



OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE:
North-east corner Market Square.
April 29, 1880. tf

Winburn, the Photographer!

In this portion of the State Winburn is the LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER.

A High Grade of Work at a Reasonable Price.
Gallery on Person Street, about fifty yards east of Market Square.
Oct. 15, 1891.—tf

CHAS. GLOVER,
AUCTIONEER
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Negotiates the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities.
Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

S. H. MacRAE,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,
OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE PUBLIC.

Office over McDuffie's Drug Store.
Feb'y 11, 1892—tf

—THE—
Bank : of : Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Does - a - General - Banking - Business,
RECEIVES DEPOSITS
SUBJECT TO CHECK,
Collects Notes and Drafts
Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,
AT REASONABLE CHARGES,
and remits promptly for all collections.
CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00.
No deposits received on interest.
J. D. WILLIAMS, P ,
H. W. LILLY, Vice Pres.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.
Fayetteville, N. C., October 8.

SEWING MACHINES
AT PRICES AND TERMS TO SUIT THE TIMES.

If you need a machine call on us before buying is all we ask. Our prices range from thirty to sixty dollars. Sold either for cash or on the installment plan—five dollars a month. We carry in stock

THE NEW HOME,
WHEELER & WILSON
AND FAVORITE MACHINES.

Each machine guaranteed for five years.
A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.
April 7, 1892—tf

POE & CO.,
BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURERS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Feb'y 25, 1892—tf

THE
MERCHANT MILLS
—BY—
J. D. McNEILL,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

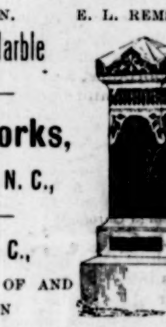
are prepared to furnish you at cash prices with

CORN,
MEAL,
FLOUR,
SHIP STUFF,
FEED,
GRAIN, BRAN, &c.

Consult your interest and get their figures before buying.
May 8, 1890. tf

CHAS. A. GOODWIN. E. L. REMSBURG.

Fayetteville Marble
—AND—
Granite Works,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
—AND—
RALEIGH, N. C.,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

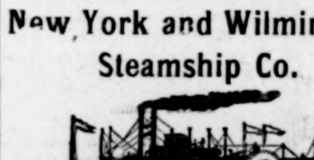


Marble and Granite Monuments,
Tombstones,
Wrought Iron and Wire Fencing.

The undersigned have formed a partnership for the above work, with E. L. Remsberg resident partner at Fayetteville. Best work and lowest prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GOODWIN & REMSBURG,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Sept. 24, 1891—tf

CLYDE'S
New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.



FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK,
Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts.,
At 3 o'clock P. M

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.

PAWNEE	Saturday,	May 21
CROATAN	Saturday,	May 28

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

CROATAN	Saturday,	May 21
PAWNEE	Saturday,	May 28

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN.

CROATAN	Tuesday,	May 17
PAWNEE	Tuesday,	May 24

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

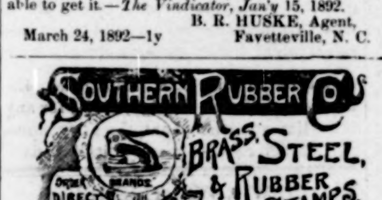
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
March 28 1889 tf 5 Bowling Green, N. Y

FIRE INSURANCE.
READ AND ACT ACCORDINGLY.

THE ÆTNA FIRE.—The old Ætna's statement for 1891 shows an increase in reinsurance reserve of $170,000, and a gain in net assets of $101,642. That's a good showing in the face of an exceptionally bad year. The Ætna's assets are now $10,659,139, and net surplus $3,702,019. Anybody who wants better indemnity than that offered by the Ætna won't be able to get it.—*The Vindicator, Jan'y 15, 1892.*

B. R. HUSKE, Agent,
Fayetteville, N. C.
March 24, 1892—1y



Aug 6, 1891—1y

:-Walter Watson's Grocery Store,:-
PERSON ST., FAYETTEVILLE.

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES,
FLOUR and POTATOES SPECIALTIES.
TOBACCO, SNUFF,
CIGARS, CANNED GOODS, Etc.
Highest Market Prices Paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

Goods delivered free of charge to all parts of the city.

ORDERS SOLICITED.
W. W. COLE, Manager.
March 10, 1892.

LADY'S HOSIERY
AT COMMISSION PRICE.

Ladies, do you realize that when you buy of the retailer, you are paying THREE unnecessary profits? The manufacturer sells to the commission house, the latter to the jobber, and the jobber in turn sells to the retail merchant. You must pay the manufacturer's profit first, and then pay each of the subsequent handlers a profit, not infrequently paying two profits to the retailer. The

MANUFACTURERS' COMMISSION CO.

is a responsible syndicate which sells direct to the consumer. By investing in manufacturers' samples, odds and ends, job-lots, and the stocks of insolvent manufacturers, in connection with our regular commission holdings, we are able to sell to the consumer direct at the COMMISSION price, which is but one remove from the manufacturers'.

While this company handles all kind of ladies' furnishings, we are making a special drive on our HOSIERY, merely to introduce our name in your territory and establish a reputation for giving values never before offered, so that you will be fully prepared for our later announcement of our entire lines. Read the following offers:

Ladies' full length, fashioned, fast black hose, superfine gauge, (retailing everywhere at 25 to 35 cents per pair), we will sell at 16 cent, or one-half dozen at 96 cents.

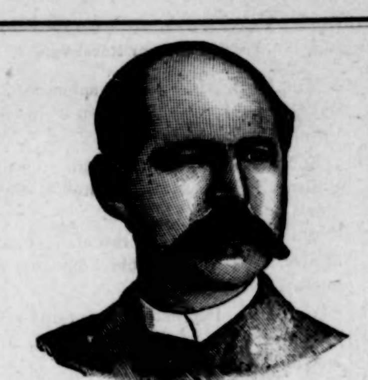
Ladies' extra length, full regular made, fast black and seamless hose, very finest gauge, retailing everywhere at 50 cents up), we will sell at 23 cents, or one-half dozen for $1.38.

We pay express charges, and agree unconditionally to refund money if hosiery is not the values and qualities described. Be sure and send the size wanted, and remember that as we pay express we cannot afford to send less than one-half dozen.

Orders must be accompanied by cash in either money-order, postal note, stamps or registered letter, addressed to the

MANUFACTURERS' COMMISSION CO.,
221 Fifth Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
apl 14—8w

YOUR NAME IF sent on postal card, with proper address will be inserted free in our numerous lists, and you will receive through them many valuable samples from companies desiring agents. Address postal to the AMERICAN LIST CO., Fischer Building, Chico, Ill. apl 14—2m



WHY IS THE W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE GENTLEMEN THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5. 00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4. 00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$3. 50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2. 50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2. 25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish; equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' 2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

ROSE & LEAK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Jan. 7th, 1892. 5m.

Swinton's Specific
FOR DYSPEPSIA.

This unfailing remedy for Dyspepsia of the most chronic type, is the result of many years' medical research of one of the most noted and eminent medical scholars of the period, Dr. La Verne Swinton. Patent and proprietary nostrums have had no more bitter opponent than this most eminent physician, for the simple reason that the same dose is invariably prescribed to the sufferer, no matter what the temperament of the patient, and no matter what the peculiarities of the disease, and this, too, in the face of the claims that such remedies will cure a majority of known diseases.

Dr. Swinton realized fully to what extent Dyspepsia, whether mild or chronic by impoverishing and poisoning the blood, because the progenitor of innumerous diseases, and therefore sought diligently for years to discover its true specific. In this he was successful, but in prescribing his wonderful discovery, he never overlooked the great medical truth that the symptoms in each case, the temperamental differences, and even the habits and occupation of the sufferer, required not only a difference in the prescription of his remedy, but also demanded suppiemental reatment and dietary directions, varying widely in different cases. THE SWINTON MEDICAL CO. send in connection with this celebrated Specific for Dyspepsia, a complete treatise by the Doctor, which gives explicit directions to the sufferer, so that he may not only intelligently use the remedy, but also properly regulate the diet, and properly self-administer the supplemental prescriptions suited to the case.

This is Medical Treatment and not Quackery

Do not be robbed of your money and your hopes for restored health by alleged panaceas, which while comparatively harmless will cure nothing.

SWINTON'S SPECIFIC is sold by all druggists in $1.00 packages. We are introducing it ourselves in this territory, before placing it on sale with your leading pharmacists, and will send single packages to any address upon receipt of 50 cents. Each package contains the medical treatise of Dr. Swinton, giving dietary directions and supplemental prescriptions. Address

SWINTON MEDICAL CO.,
Fischer Building, Chicago, Ill.
apl 14—6w

E. L. CLARK,
GROCERY and FAMILY SUPPLY STORE,
CORNER HAY AND WINSLOW STREETS
(Opposite Short-Cut Depot).
COUNTRY PRODUCE
BOUGHT AND SOLD,
Fresh Meats, Etc.
GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AND HAYMOUNT.
March 17, 1892. 1y

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS!

Steamer D. Murchison,
Capt. W. A. Robeson.
Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.
Leaves Wilmington Tuesdays and Fridays.

Steamer A. P. HURT,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.
Leaves Fayetteville Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves Wilmington Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Steamer Cape Fear,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.
Leaves Fayetteville Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Leaves Wilmington Mondays and Thursdays.

First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations on each of the three Steamers.
Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.
Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.
For Freight Rates and other information, apply to
W. S. COOK,
Fayetteville, N. C.
T. D. LOVE,
Wilmington, N. C. Oct —1y

J. W. WELSH,
Carriage and Wagon Manufacturer,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Repairing in all Branches.
Good Substantial Work
GUARANTEED.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
Nov. 12, 1891. tf

CHANCE FOR PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.
Farming Land for Sale.

The domestic affairs of my family rendering obligatory our removal to Texas, I desire to sell the farm upon which I reside, located 12 miles above Fayetteville on the east side of Cape Fear River, running back to the near vicinity of the Wilson Short-Cut R. R., and distant about 3 miles from Wade Station. The property contains 256 acres, with about a four horse crop under cultivation. This is a convenient farm, in excellent condition, with good dwelling and out-buildings. For terms, &c., call on or address

NEILL McDOUGALD,
Wade, Cumberland Co., N. C.
Jan'y 28, 1892—6mpd.

Little Dick Jones,
AT A. MOORE'S STAND.
BEST CORN WHISKEY MADE IN THE LAND, BRANDIES, WINES, Etc.

A cordial invitation to my old friends to call and see me. DICK JONES.
March 10, 1892—tf

BONITZ HOTEL.
129 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.,
now being thoroughly renovated, is open for
THE -:- RECEPTION -:- OF -:- GUESTS

THE OCEANIC!
CAROLINA :: BEACH!!
GREATLY IMPOVED.
NEW FURNITURE, &c.
TABLE AND SERVICE UNSURPASSED.
FINEST BEACH ON THE COAST.
FOR INFORMATION AND RATES APPLY TO
PHIL WRIGHT,
MANAGER.
April 21, 1892—tf



CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.
In effect March 29th, 1892.

NORTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No 2.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 4.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 16.
Leave Wilmington,	9:50 a m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	1:55 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	3:00 p m		
Leave Sanford,	4:25 p m		
Arrive Greensboro,	6:55 p m		
Leave Greensboro,	7:15 p m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	9:00 p m		
Arrive Mt. Airy,	11:15 p m		
Leave Bennettsville,		12:40 p m	
Leave Maxton,		1:27 p m	
Arrive Fayetteville,		2:57 p m	
Leave Ramseur,			7:25 a m
Arrive Greensboro,			10:05 a m
Leave Greensboro,			10:35 a m
Arrive Madison,			1:05 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 1.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 3.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 15.
Leave Mt. Airy,	6:00 a m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	8:11 a m		
Arrive Greensboro,	10:00 a m		
Leave Greensboro,	10:30 a m		
Leave Sanford,	12:45 p m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	2:06 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	3:04 p m		
Arrive Wilmington,	7:05 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,		2:11 p m	
Leave Maxton,		3:32 p m	
Arrive Bennettsville,		4:22 p m	
Leave Madison,			2:45 p m
Arrive Greensboro,			4:55 p m
Leave Greensboro			5:15 p m
Arrive Ramseur,			8:10 p m

NORTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 12.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 14.
Leave Greensboro,	10:10 a m	
Leave Walnut Cove,	1:55 p m	
Arrive Mt. Airy,	5:55 p m	
Leave Bennettsville,		1:00 a m
Leave Maxton,		4:25 a m
Arrive Fayetteville,		9:55 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 11.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 13.
Leave Mt. Airy,	2:10 p m	
Leave Walnut Cove,	6:15 p m	
Arrive Greensboro,	9:30 p m	
Leave Fayetteville,		10:15 a m
Leave Maxton,		4:30 p m
Arrive Bennettsville,		7:05 p m

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. W FRY, General Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
Wilmington & Weldon R. R.
AND BRANCHES.
Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED APRIL 24, 1892.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 27, Daily.
Leave Weldon	12 30 P. M.	5 43 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	1 40 "	6 36 P. M.
Arrive Tarboro	*2 18 P. M	
Leave Tarboro	12 58 P. M.	*6 00 P. M.
Arrive Wilson	2 18 P. M.	7 00 P. M.
Leave Wilson	*2 50 "	
Arrive Selma	3 30 "	
Arrive Fayetteville	5 30 "	
Leave Goldsboro	3 15 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	4 15 "	
Leave Magnolia	4 21 "	8 40 P. M.
Arrive Wilmington	6 00 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14, Daily.	No. 78, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	1 35 A. M.	9 15 A. M
Leave Magnolia	1 54 A. M.	10 57 "
Leave Warsaw		11 11 "
Arrive Goldsboro	2 55 A. M	12 05 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville		*9 10 A. M.
Leave Selma		11 08 "
Arrive Wilson		12 10 P. M.
Leave Wilson	3 3 A. M.	12 58 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	4 02 A. M.	1 30 "
Arrive Tarboro	*6 30 A. M.	*2 18 "
Leave Tarboro		12 58 P. M.
Arrive Weldon	5 05 A. M	2 55 P. M.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:00 P M, Halifax 4:22 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 5:15 P M. Greenville 6:52 P M., Kinston 8:00 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:10 A M, Greenville 8:25 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M. Weldon 11.25 A M, daily except Sunday.

Local freight train leaves Weldon Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10:15 A. M., arriving Scotland Neck 1:05 A M, Greenville 5:30 P M, Kinston 7:40 P M. Returning leaves Kinston Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:20 A M, Greenville 9:55 A M, Scotland Neck 2:20 P M, arrive Weldon 5:15 P M.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 4:40 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M, arrive Williamston N C, 7:18 P M 4:20 P M, Plymouth 8:30 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 6:0 A M, Sunday 9:00 A M, Williamston, N C, 7:30 A M 9:58 A M. Arrive Tarboro 10:40 A M, 11:20 A M

Trains on Southern Division, Wilson and Fayetteville Branch, leave Fayetteville 7:30 A. M., arrive Rowland 12:15 P. M. Returning leave Rowland 12:15 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 5:15 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C, Daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, arrive Smithfield, N C, 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield N C, 8:00 A M, arrive Goldsboro, N C, 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 5:15 P M, arrives Nashville 5:55 P M, Spring Hope 6:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:20 P M and 11:10 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 3:10 P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, and 78.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No 51. Northbound is No 50. *Daily except Sunday.

Trains No 27 South, and 14 North, will stop only at Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line, also at Rocky Mount daily except Sunday, with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk and all points north via Norfolk.

J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't,
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

"ALBEMARLE."

We are pleased to announce to our friends and the public generally that we are now able to supply a long-felt want. We can now sell you

AS GOOD FLOUR AS IS MADE

for much less money than you have been paying for the best quality of flour. Until now we have been paying too much for Patent flour in proportion to the price of Straight flour. Order a sample sack of ALBEMARLE FLOUR, and if it is not as good as any flour that you ever used, it will not cost you anything.

Remember the name, "ALBEMARLE." A cut of the mill and the name of the miller on each and every sack.

To merchants who will handle this flour in lots, we will give the "big end" of our profits to enable them to sell at same price that we do.

We have straight flour made at the same mill, branded "GOLDEN SHEAF," which gives great satisfaction to those who use this grade of flour.

We always have a good stock of these flours on hand, and the quality is always uniform.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.
Fayetteville, N. C., January 15, 1892.

"FIRMNESS, COURAGE AND HONESTY"
WERE PROMINENT TRAITS IN THE CHARACTER OF
General Jackson.
"STRENGTH, DURABILITY
—AND—
HONEST CONSTRUCTION"
ARE DISTINCTIVE FEATURES OF THE
OLD HICKORY WAGONS.

ONE, TWO, THREE AND FOUR-HORSE WAGONS. ALSO TUBULAR AXLE WAGONS. THE BEST WAGONS ON WHEELS. WILL BE SOLD LOW.

A. E. RANKIN & Co.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

WANTED!
1,000 Cash Customers for Sash, Doors, Blinds, &c., for the year 1892.
SANFORD SASH and BLIND COMPANY
SANFORD, N. C.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF PINE LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS, PAINTS, &c.

We have just put in a New Engine and Boiler and an Improved Dry Kiln, and are prepared to fill orders on short notice. We are nearer the finest Pine Timber and Leading Lumber Manufacturers than any other firm of the kind in the State. We ship direct from our doors by the Seaboard Air Line and Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railways, our shops being near the crossing just between the two roads. We are well equipped with the latest improved machinery. We employ skilled labor and guarantee satisfaction. Correspondence solicited. All orders by mail secure prompt attention.

SANFORD SASH AND BLIND COMPANY,
SANFORD, N. C.
J. W. SCOTT, SR., President. J. B. MAKEPEACE, Sec. and Treas.
January 21, 1892—1y



NEW HOTEL LAFAYETTE
Fayetteville, North Carolina.
T. A. BARKER, - MANAGER
[The Manager of the Fashionable Campobello Island Hotels.

AN ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL SOUTHERN CITY.
IN THE PINEY-WOODS BELT OF CAROLINA.
ELEVATION 175 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL.
NOT TOO HOT, BUT ALWAYS MILD AND HEALTHFUL
An especially Delightful Climate During the Spring Months
With the Most Remarkable Health and Longevity Record of any Place in this Country

Business Established 1832.
A. A. McKETHAN'S SON,
SUCCESSOR TO A. A. McKETHAN & SONS, MANUFACTURER and DEALER IN
Carriages, Buggies and Harness.
Full and Complete Stock Always on Hand.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS DONE WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH
SEE MY STOCK AND GET PRICES BEFORE BUYING.
January 15, 1891—1y

—THE—
PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA
PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.
ESTABLISHED - - - 1774
PERFECTION IN FLOUR.
OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS
ARE MANUFACTURED FROM THE CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE
INCLUDING THE HARD VARIETY OF MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA.
Patapsco Superlative Patent.
The Premier Flour of America,
Is Unsurpassed for Bread, Biscuit or Pastry.
The Superior Body and Rich Quality of the Bread will show its Economy to the Consumer.

Ask your grocer for
PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT, ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT,
MEDORA, HIGH GRADE WINTER PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT, ORANGE GROVE EXTRA.
BALDWIN FAMILY, MAPLETON FAMILY.
C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.
Represented by B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.
July 23, 1891. tf

OLD SERIES—VOL.

THE OBSE

THURSDAY,

NEWS AND CO

MR. BLAINE has practic t to the use of his name n nominating conventi

THE Wilmington *Review* OBINSON is busily engage rs in the defunct First t declared dividend of 1

CONSUL General JOHN C ashington, having come ndon to organize Mr. the Presidential nomin

THE New Jersey Dem s instructed its twenty hom are Senator McPHE BBETT, to vote at Chic long as his name is bef

A RECENT issue of the M ntains a cut, and an ar mous Tryon Palace at e Lady managers of the is State intend to repr e North Carolina Build the article says that the after the Mansion House nference would be that oks like the Mansion Ho et, the cut, which repre ade familiar in school ar of the building, which rpart of the rear of T ent seat of the Lords de ngland, now occupied b P., the present Lord oubt the architectural fr d a portico with lofty n House, and like T all and many of the bles So far as we are eat residences are appr hile the technical front called the ceremonial y. If we are not mistak Washington, (which, fifth-rate country gentl nd) has its architectur otomac and Arlington, pproached from the sid quare.

DURING the speech of e 13th of May, the Sena ideration the Naval ap ble Maryland senator g ppropriations of the sev at of 1875-6 to that of ollar Congress) inclusiv ppropriations, he said: tration recently in powe now a member of this was as honest an Admin ver had since the adopt ion. We had four years ion. We were hampere aving all branches of th nly controlled the Hous nd the Executive branc t comes to the expendit rdinary administration e economies which mu racticed are with the E on their recommenda at appropriations are he list of appropriation The total appropriations fo Congress of 1875–'76 were or the Forty-fourth Co 1877–'78, or the Forty-fifth Co 1879–'80, or the Forth-sixth Co 1881–'82 or the Forty seventh Co 1883–'84, or the Forth-eighth Co 1885–'86, or the Forty-ninth Co 1887–'88, or the Fiftieth Congress, '90, or the Fifty first Co 1891–'92,

It will be seen from was prepared by the el n Appropriations for here was a halt during ministration in the reg rease of appropriation ear after year as th at during his term he four years 1885-8, han the rate of progre

EX-SECRETARY WHI rned from a six wee aken note of the evol dea in England, and rs of a kindred natur een struck with the ome rule existed an ent came after, in E erse. If Mr. WHITNE Chapel Hill, instead o Columbia, he would h oy. Said he to a repo vent of the last mon ion of the franchise i ular suffrage, but it is nd for the next half ong, we shall hear of ld problems. Gradu iers will go down an overn themselves; urning of their mona overnment—popular ecome engrafted int nevitable course of e he great struggle is ver that contest ma ade. The London a great thing. It wa xperiment at the ffairs of the great e he hands of its gene ct of Parliament, a ody of men wholly rs predicted direful better governed pinion. The wisdo established, and now extended, and before question of a separat led, the counties towns in Great Brita county and city an he distribution of p heir case being wor irection. We creat ment last. The tow county its and the general parliament. ment was the first people secured, and local bodies are now ion for local affairs. that the movement fo ment representative stance and general Europe, and you se there wherever you he movement is old.